

THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT.

VOL. XXX.

CLOVERPORT, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1905.

12 Pages

NO. 8

JOHN HUEBANK, NEGRO PORTER, KILLS ALFRED RAY ON TRAIN; WILL BLAIN WOUNDED IN ROW.

Alfred Ray was shot and instantly killed and Will Blain seriously, though not fatally, wounded in a fierce fight on passenger train No. 44 on the Henderson Route, last Wednesday afternoon, while going at full speed about a quarter of a mile west of Stephensport. John Huebank, a colored porter on the train, is in jail at Hardinsburg, charged with killing Ray, and Emma Tolliver, a negro woman of Evansville, who was a passenger on the train, is held as a participant in the affray, it being believed by some that she shot Blain. The trouble in which Ray lost his life began, it is said, shortly after he and Blain and three companions, all of them citizens of Stephensport, boarded the train at Hawesville, where they attended a picnic.

Though accounts of the affray are pretty badly mixed, it appears that Ray and his companions raised a general disturbance on the train and tried to take possession of it. According to the story of Richard Stites, of Louisville, the conductor, all were drinking and seemed eager to create trouble. Some of the party surrounded their tickets but Stites had some trouble with Ray and Blain in collecting their fares. He was thrown down and choked by the unruly passengers, and badly handled until C. C. Bickel, the newsboy, came to his rescue. The combatants were separated before any serious damage was done to any one, the fares collected, and the men were quieted for a time.

When the Shooting Began.
A little later, John Huebank, the colored porter, had occasion to enter the smoker, where the drunken men were seated. They chased him out and threatened to exterminate every negro on the train. Some of them drew knives on him and Blain shot at him, it is said. They then chased a negro preacher from Owensboro named Prewitz through the train to the tender, where they threw a whiskey bottle at him when trainmen stopped them. The wrath of the party seemed to be centered on Huebank. They pressed him so closely, pursuing him into the colored compartment of the smoker, that he turned, drew his pistol and fired. The crowd scattered, leaving Ray and Blain lying on the floor of the coach. Ray was shot through the forehead and killed instantly. Blain was shot near the hip bone. Several shots were fired but nobody seems to know whether Huebank fired all of them or the Tolliver woman took part in the affray. The newsboy on the train claims to have seen a pistol in her hand just after the shooting and several passengers are said to have stated that more than one gun was brought into play, but Huebank was the only one who admitted he had a weapon.

Blain and his companions left the train at Stephensport. The shooting created a panic among the passengers and no two told the same story of the affray. Conductor Stites was not

in the smoker when the shooting occurred and does not know who fired the shots.

Ray's body was taken on to Irvington, but was returned later to Stephensport, where his funeral was held Thursday afternoon. He leaves a wife and several children.

Porter and Woman Arrested.

At Irvington Marshal D. W. Henry boarded the train and arrested Huebank, the Tolliver woman and the negro preacher. The preacher and the woman were questioned in regard to the affray and then released, but Huebank was taken to Hardinsburg and lodged in jail for safe keeping.

The story of the affray as told above is substantially the same as that given out by Supt. A. M. McCracken, of the Henderson Route, after an investigation of the shooting.

The inquest into the death of Ray was held at Irvington Saturday. It was found that Ray came to his death by being shot by Huebank, who was justified in doing the shooting in self-defense.

The Tolliver woman was rearrested last Friday in Louisville, at the request of Breckenridge county authorities, and taken to Hardinsburg, as some new evidence was learned of that seemed to implicate her in the affray. She denies that she took part in it.

The ball with which Blain was shot was extracted from a point near the hip bone. Entering near the hip bone it passed through about eight inches of the flesh. He is expected to recover.

The feeling in the county is in favor of the negro, though there are a few people at Stephensport whose feeling is bitter against him. The consensus, however, is that he had sufficient provocation.

Trials are Postponed.

Hardinsburg, Ky., Sept. 5.—(Special.)—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Huebank, the negro porter charged with the murder of Alfred Ray, on a Henderson Route train, near Stephensport, last Wednesday, and of the Commonwealth vs. Emma Tolliver, an Evansville negroess, charged with shooting and wounding Will Blain, were called before Judge Matthias Miller, this afternoon, for the preliminary hearing. The Commonwealth announced that it was not ready for the trial, on account of the absence of material witnesses. Then the attorneys for the defendants made a motion for bail. The bond of Huebank was fixed at \$5,000 and the Tolliver woman at \$400, and it is believed that both defendants will give bond.

The trial of both cases has been indefinitely postponed, the day of the trial to be agreed upon later by the attorneys on both sides. Dr. Will Wimp of Stephensport, who has been attending Blaine, who is the principal absent witness, says he will be able to attend court in about three weeks.

Features of Our Supplement.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY. Good roads a necessity for the establishment of routes in the county.

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY HELPLESS. Revival of ancient customs and practices at the royal German wedding.

SECRETARY SHAW gives some good advice to young men.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION. One of the most important problems of the present time.

FARM NOTES. Work of the Department of Agriculture.

SOUTHERN TIMBER SUPPLY. Sufficient for nation's demands if country tobacco were made in Louisville recently.

DAIRYING ON SAN JUAN HILL. COMPLETE SHORT STORY. The Averaging Band.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR., the world's coming billionaire.

RESTORING THE TREASURY. The government's strong box.

THE GIANT SEQUOIAS OF CALIFORNIA. The great wonder of America.

THE WILD MUSK OX. A strange animal of the polar regions.

LEV A. DRESSER, of New Albany, Ind., an old citizen of the county, was here attending the barbecue last week. It was his first visit in eight years.



First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen.

World's Rulers Pay Tribute To Theodore Roosevelt, Peacemaker.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 30.—Crowned

heads of the world unite with distinguished statesmen of America and Europe in according the glory of peace between Russia and Japan to President Roosevelt. Throughout last night and to-day telegrams of congratulations poured in upon the President in a great flood. Among the first messages received was one from the King of England, as follows:

"London, Aug. 29. The President:—Let me be one of the first to congratulate you on the successful issue of the peace conference to which you have so greatly contributed."

Edward I. R. Soon after a notably cordial telegram was received from Emperor William of Germany. It read:

"St. Petersburg, Aug. 29. President Theodore Roosevelt:—Just received cable from America announcing agreement of peace conference on preliminaries of peace. I'm overjoyed; express most sincere congratulations at the great success due to your untiring efforts. The whole of mankind must unite and will do so thanking you for the great boon you have given it."

William I. R.

President Loubet of France extended his congratulations in this message:

"La Bégude, Presdence, Aug. 30. President Roosevelt:—Your excellency has just rendered to humanity an eminent service, for which I felicitate you heartily. The French Republic rejoices in the role that her sister America has played in this historic event."

Emile Loubet.

Sales of Breckenridge Tobacco.

The following sales of Breckenridge county tobacco were made in Louisville recently:

A. J. Dye, Clifton Mills, six hhds., one sucker, at \$3.45, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$7.00.

Wattington Bros., Stephensport, five hhds., pryor, at \$1.35, \$5.30, \$5.20, \$5.70 and \$6.10.

N. H. Wattington, Hardinsburg, five hhds., pryor, at \$3.20, \$3.55, \$4.80, \$5.30 and \$5.75.

J. M. Hendrick, Hardinsburg, eight hhds., pryor, at an average of \$4.35, and rejected the sale.

Nat. Raitt and daughter, Miss Sinah Raitt, of Cincinnati, have been visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary Raitt, part of the past week.

Ambassador Jusserand of France

sent this cablegram: London, Aug. 30, President Roosevelt:—Heartiest congratulations.

Jusserand.

Then came telegrams from diplomatic representatives of foreign governments in this country—from Sir Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, from Mayor des Planches, ambassador of Italy, and from Sir Ching Liang Cheng, the Chinese minister. They follow:

London, Mass., Aug. 29. Secretary to the President:—Please submit to the President my most cordial congratulations upon success of his efforts to bring about peace.

Durand.

Amherst, Mass., Aug. 29. The President:—I beg to offer my hearty congratulations for the successful conclusion of peace, for which the whole world, especially the Orient, is ever indebted to you.

Ching Liang Cheng.

Washington, Aug. 29. President Roosevelt:—I beg to offer you, Mr. President, on behalf of the Italian government and myself as representative of my august sovereign, heartfelt congratulations for your great success in re-establishing peace, Italy, who since her constitution has endeavored to be an element and factor of harmony among nations, will greatly admire and praise the work you brought on so advantageously for the benefit of humanity.

Mayor Des Planches, Italian Ambassador.

Good Meeting at Raymond.

Raymond, Ky., Sept. 5.—(Special.)—After a continuation of two weeks, the protracted meeting at this place closed Sunday with nineteen additions to the church, fourteen by baptism, three by letter and two by restoration. The pastor was assisted in the meeting by his brother, Rev. W. H. English, of Missouri, former pastor of this church. He is a very able man and the people here were all glad to welcome him, and much benefit was derived from his preaching.

Mattingly-Beavin.

Miss Mertie Beavin, daughter of Jno. F. Beavin, and Joseph Mattingly, son of Richard Mattingly, were married at St. Rose's Catholic church last Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Father C. Brey, the pastor, officiated.

LARGEST EVER WAS BARBECUE CROWD.

Fourth Annual Affair Given By
Masons Success Financially
and Socially--5,000 Attend.

Despite the rain, the fourth annual Masonic barbecue Friday was a success, socially and financially and in point of attendance. It is estimated that there were 5,000 people on the grounds during the day, though not at one time. The crowd was the largest at about 11 o'clock and at 2 o'clock, when there were probably 3,500 or 4,000 persons present. The rain, which began about 10:45 o'clock, caused many to leave, but they returned in the afternoon. Six or seven hundred visitors to the barbecue were in the city during the day. As it was, the attendance was larger than at any of the other barbecues that have been given by the Masons, and if weather conditions had not been so threatening in the morning the crowd might easily have been swelled to 6,000.

The attractions were up to the average and everybody seemed to be enjoying themselves. Confetti was the great fun-maker, two barrels of it being "thrown away." The merry-go-round was a drawing card and coined money all day. Everything prepared for the barbecue dinner was sold and a large part of the ice cream and cold drinks.

The Cannon Commercial band and the \$100 Columbia graphophone, which was given away at the barbecue, furnished the music for the big crowd.

The graphophone, which was raffled off, went to Waldo Simons, of Tobinsport, 182 being the lucky number. The infant of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Weatherholt took the prize in the baby show, a handsome chair, which was given by M. Hamman & Son.

In the contest for the \$400 given away by Conrad, Payne & Co., 709 was the lucky number, not the person who drew this number has not yet been found. Harry Weatherholt was the first to find Billy the Scout, between the hours of 2 and 3, and as



Photo by Brabant. Leonard Reynolds, age 10 months son of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Weatherholt, who won the prize in the baby show.

a prize he received a pair of fine shoes from J. C. Kotte & Bro. Billy was caught by saying the following words to him: "You are discovered, you are Billy the Scout. I therefore claim the reward." The ladies' foot races was the only attraction advertised that was not given. The rain put the ground in such a condition that there was no one who cared to enter the races.

The order at the barbecue grounds, considering the size of the crowd, was excellent. The food was not only orderly but the best dressed and most representative, perhaps, ever seen here on a similar occasion.

Cloverport took a holiday and hundreds of her citizens mingled with their neighbors from Breckenridge and surrounding counties at the barbecue grounds. The Henderson Route shops were closed down throughout the day and other plants and the business houses gave their employees a half holiday.

One of the social features of the day was the dance at Oole's hall in the evening, which was enjoyed by young people of this city. Cannon, Tobinsport and other points.

NOTES.

The ice water was the best to be had—it was distilled at the ice factory. A majority of candidates on both

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative,
L. L. Mitchell.
For County Judge,
Morris Eskridge.
For County Clerk,
W. Sherman Ball.
For County Attorney,
Allen R. Kinchloe.
For Sheriff,
Dennie Sheeran.
For Superintendent Schools,
Andrew Driskell.
For Jailer,
William J. Hall.
For Assessor,
R. M. Basham.
For Assessor,
Henry Cannon.

county tickets were present making friends of the dear voters. The \$105 taken in by the merry-go-round was all profit, as enough was made with it in town last month to pay for its use.

Sixty gallons of ice cream was sold by the wives and daughters of the Masons for \$120, at their big stand in the central part of the grounds. About thirty gallons, the sale of which the rain prevented, were shipped back to the manufacturers.

M. Hamman & Son entertained a large crowd throughout the day with the \$100 graphophone which was won by Mr. Simons. The graphophone was in their delivery wagon, which was under a stand bearing advertisements of the machines for which they are agents.

The receipts of the confetti and candy stand, presided over by young ladies, were \$107, most of which was paid for confetti. The profit on the confetti was several times more than the cost.

Edward Gregory had a handsome display of wall paper, the finest ever seen here. Part of it was shipped him by his company direct from Coney Island, where they had a big exhibit the past summer.

About two hundred people were here from Cannelton, Hawesville, Lewisport, Tell City, Owensboro and other down-river points.

Extra coaches on all trains to handle the hundreds who came from over the county and surrounding counties.

Many who came spent part of the day in town with friends and remained over several days. All the meat prepared for the barbecue dinner, seventeen sheep and one beef, was sold.

Several young friends were here. Henry DeH. Moorman's printed appeal to the voters pinned to their dresses.

No Mason enjoyed the barbecue more than Edward McAfee, though he could not take an active part. He was present in a wheel chair, as he has not yet recovered from the injury received several months when both legs were broken.

The sale of lemonade and other cold drinks would have been much larger if the rain hadn't lowered the temperature. However the sale was much better in the afternoon than it was expected to be in the morning.

Horace Newton, O. B. Mattingly and J. M. Gregory were Marshal DeHaven's efficient deputies.

The inevitable doll rack was in evidence.

A Cold Jettison in His Kidneys.

A. J. Bennett, 9201 Butler St., Chicago, writes: "I am a switchman and am out in all kinds of weather. I took a cold which settled in my kidneys and I was in bad shape. I tried several advertised remedies with no benefit, until it was recommended to try Foley's Kidney Cure. Two-thirds of a bottle cured me." Sold by A. R. Fisher.

Cannery Having Good Run.

At the end of last week approximately 7,000 cases, or 168,000 cans, of tomatoes had been canned at the local branch factory of the J. T. Polk company, of Greenwood, Ind. Manager F. D. Whitteck says that it was the intention of his company to double the output of the cannery last year, which was 240,000 cans, but the tomato crop, he says, was three-fifths short, on account of the unusually wet summer, and they will do well to find material for 12,000 cases, which mark they expect to reach. Though the crop is short larger quantities are now being received than at this time last year, owing to an increased acreage. Only a small quantity of peaches has been handled, because of the scarcity of the fruit.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of J. C. Watson

Good Attendance at Public School.

The Cloverport public school opened Monday morning with a good attendance. Prof. J. P. King, principal, Edmund Wood, Miss Jennie Patterson and Miss Maggie Wroe, first, second and third assistants, respectively, compose the efficient faculty. The feature of the opening is the change in the school books, according to the new State book law.

Subscribe for the News.

To Fresco Two Local Churches.

Owen Bros., of Morganfield, secured the contract Monday to fresco the Methodist and Catholic churches at this city. The work will be done the latter part of this month.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease.

It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on the impurities of the blood.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the vocal organs, disturbs the stomach.

It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the impurities of the blood.

Hood's Pills are the 7-in catarrh.

RUSSIAN AND JAPAN WAR DOGS MUZZLED.

Treaty of Peace is Being Drafted And to Roosevelt World Gives Credit-The Terms of Peace.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 30.—Peace is assured in the East. Every principle to be embodied in the treaty of Portsmouth is agreed to. Only the verbiage of the document remains to be worked out. The envoys of the adversaries have advised their government to arrange an immediate armistice. An agreement to release prisoners has been reached. Over 100,000 Russian and Japanese soldiers, a half-million fighting men of the two great nations know that they are no longer deadly foes.

Russia persisted: Japan yielded. Triumphant, victorious, unbeaten on land or sea, the Japanese yesterday turned to their defeated foe and yielded the four conditions which the Russians would not accept, and which they were ready to make the price of a return to war. More than one Japanese today turns his face toward the seat of the mikado with stoical face, yet with bitterness in his heart that the full punishment of his enemy is not to be meted out. The Japanese say:

Did It for Humanity.

"I did it for humanity: for the love of peace, for the blood of man. It was my emperor's wish."

It seems now that the world will applaud the Japanese and praise their magnanimity. It seems, too, that the world will demand of Russia a conduct comporting with the higher ideals of the time and the century and the lesson taught by the Nipponese must be a lasting one.

Japan gets the southern half of the island of Sakhalin, that portion south of the 50th degree of latitude. The Russians get the northern portion. The conditions of peace laid down by Japan that the Russian interest ships be turned over to her and the other one that the Russian naval armament in the Pacific be limited were not receded from, withdrawn absolutely by the Japanese. The demand for the expense of the war, that rock on which the peace conference seemed bound to go to pieces, was withdrawn without condition by the Japanese.

Roosevelt Congratulated.

President Roosevelt is receiving the congratulations of the world upon the success of his peace intercession. The peace agreement was reached just eighty-eight days from the time he took the first step in his plans, when he summoned Count Cassini, then the Russian ambassador, to the White house and talked with him on the subject of a peace conference. This was not the president's first move for peace, but the first step in the series of events which finally led to peace. As early as February the czar had rejected terms transmitted to him informally by President Roosevelt on behalf of Japan. This was before Admiral Rojestrensky's fleet had been demolished by Togo in the straits of Tsushima. Beginning with his interview with Count Cassini on June 2, however, the president found Russia more willing to listen to peace talks. Supported by Emperor William of Germany and by the government of France, he induced the czar to send envoys to this country to discuss peace with representatives of the Japanese government. Japan always was willing to hold the conference.

After having arranged the conference and brought the envoys together, the president found himself fully occupied with keeping it off the rocks of a disagreement, and if the true history of the conference is ever written it undoubtedly will be found that his hand went much deeper in preventing a rupture than has yet appeared on the surface. It would not be surprising if it should be learned that the president pointed out and arranged beneath the surface some sort of a final compensation for Japan quite equal to that which she has foregone in waiving all claims to indemnity or payment for the northern half of Sakhalin.

Points of Peace Agreement.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 30.—In a nutshell, the terms of the peace treaty to be drafted as the result of the conference will be as follows:

1. Japan agrees to make no claim upon Russia for reimbursement for the expenses of the war.
2. Japan agrees to cede, without compensation, to Russia a part of Sakhalin island, Russia to pay a reasonable sum for the care of the Russian prisoners captured, as she is bound to do by the rules of war.
3. Japan agrees that there shall be no limitation placed upon Russian naval forces in the Pacific.

4. Japan agrees to the return to Russia of all Russian warships now interned in Pacific ports.

5. Russia agrees to recognize the preponderant influence of Japan in Korea.

6. Russia and Japan agree to simultaneously remove their military forces from Manchuria.

7. Russia agrees to transfer to Japan the Russian leasehold in the Liao Tung peninsula, including Port Arthur and Dairen.

8. Russia agrees to return to China the civil administration of Manchuria, in accordance with the treaty of April, 1902, which Russia violated.

9. Russia agrees to transfer, without compensation, to Japan all docks, magazines and military warehouses in Port Arthur and Dairen, with the understanding that rights in private property are to be respected.

10. Russia agrees to transfer to Japan the Manchurian railroad line between Port Arthur and Dairen and a point south of Harbin, part of which Japan now holds by right of military occupation.

11. Japan agrees to allow Russia to hold the main Manchurian railroad line.

12. Russia agrees to allow Japan fishing rights on the coast of Siberia.

Treaty of Peace Being Drafted.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 31.—Rapid progress was made today in drafting the

treaty of peace. Baron Komura, of Witte's request, tomorrow will, probably, fix the day for its signature. Russia's consent to a suspension of hostilities reached Witte tonight. Japan has agreed to the immediate conclusion of an armistice. A meeting will be held tomorrow morning and a proclamation for the complete suspension of hostilities, preliminary to the arrangement of the details by the two generals upon the battlefield will be agreed upon.

Witte is exceedingly anxious to sail for home September 12. Therefore he is doing all he can to hasten the drafting of the treaty, which will probably be prepared to sign Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

Losses of The War.

Days of the War	556
Russian Casualties	310,000
Japanese Casualties	100,000
Cost to Japan	\$1,125,000,000
Cost to Russia	\$1,500,000,000
Russian War Losses	\$700,000,000
Russian Naval Losses	\$150,000,000
Japan's Naval Losses	\$30,000,000
Russian Ships Lost	64
Jap Ships Lost	5
Jap Land Victories	15

Contract May Soon Be Let.

(Madisonville Hustler.) President Holman informs the Hustler that he thinks matters will

soon be ready for letting the contract for the construction of what is known as the Cloverport railroad. The engineers are here and will go over the different routes and the one best adapted, under all circumstances, considering the action of the people along the route and all, will be adopted.

There has been some delay on account of running some surveys from Green River.

There are two points in view on Green River, Smallhouse and Point Pleasant, and there are four starting places on Pond River, McNary, Tule, Iron Bridge, Millport and Brecken's Mill that are under consideration. There are also two routes into Madisonville, one entering the city over the Royal Coal Co's switch and the other enter on the north part of the city.

The most advantageous of these various routes is to be determined as soon as possible, after which operation of construction will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon.

Foley & Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar and refuse any substitute offered as no other preparation will give the same salt secretion. It is mildly laxative. It contains no opiates and is safest for children and delicate persons. Sold by A. R. Fisher.

MARRIED AT GLENDEANE.

Wedding of Miss Allene Murray and Mr. Fred Ferry Wednesday.

A pretty and charming wedding was that of Miss Allene Amanda Murray and Mr. Fred F. Ferry, of this city, at Glendene last Wednesday afternoon, at the home of the bride's father, Former Adjutant General David R. Murray. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. C. Kerr, of Hodgenville, pastor of the Lucile Memorial Presbyterian church, of this city, in the presence of relatives and friends from various parts of the country.

A handsome reception followed, after which Mr. and Mrs. Ferry left for a bridal trip to Michigan and the northern lakes. They will be at home to their friends in Cloverport after September 15.

Miss Murray was born and reared in Cloverport and is a young lady with a large acquaintance of friends over the country.

Mr. Ferry is agent at this place for the Henderson Route and is a son of the late F. J. Ferry, master mechanic of the same road.

Miss Murray and Mr. Ferry are well known in Breckenridge county.

Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is an old friend in a new form. It is prepared for the particular benefit of sufferers from nasal catarrh who are used to an atomizer in spraying the diseased membranes. All the healing and soothing properties of Cream Balm are retained in the new preparation. It does not dry up the secretions. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. At your druggist's or Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York, will mail it.

A History of Base Ball.

Somebody who has looked deeper than the ordinary observer gives this history of base ball: The devil was the first coacher. He coached Eve, and she stole second, Adam stole third. When the servant of Isaac met Rebecca at the well she walked along with the pitcher. Samson struck out a good many times when he beat the Philistines. Moses made the first home run when he slew the Egyptians and Cain made a base hit when he slew Abel. Abraham made a sacrifice. The prodigal son made a home run. David was a long distance thrower and Moses shut out the Egyptians at the Red Sea.

READ THIS.

Hopkinsville, Ky., June 7th, 1901. Dr. E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.—Dear Sir: I suffered ten years with severe kidney and bladder troubles, and at times was unable to work. I was advised to try your Texas Wonder, and after using one-fourth of one bottle I passed a large gravel, and I have never suffered since passing the same, three years ago. I have recommended it to many others, who have themselves cured. I most heartily recommend it to all sufferers from kidney or bladder diseases.

A TEXAS WONDER

One small bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women; regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 639, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials Sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 N. MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Schlitzbaum Indicted.

Eddyville, Ky., Aug. 30.—An indictment has been found by the grand jury against A. B. Schlitzbaum for grand larceny. He is the man brought back from Portland, Oregon, by H. Colman, charged with shipping shoes out of the penitentiary without the knowledge or consent of the Kentucky Shoe company, by whom he was

employed while serving a term in the prison. Schlitzbaum served one year in the penitentiary for complicity in the famous express robbery at Fordville in 1902.

HAS STOOD THE TEST 25 YEARS. The old, original GROVES' Tasteless "Chill Tonic." You know what you are taking. It is iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 25c.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE

First In Its Aid To Beneficiaries.

The Equitable pays its policies more promptly than any other company—usually within twenty-four hours.

DEATH CLAIMS PAID IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

In 1900	96 per cent within one day
In 1901	96 per cent within one day
In 1902	98 per cent within one day
In 1903	95 per cent within one day
In 1904	96 per cent within one day
July 1905	98 per cent within one day

CLAIMS PAID 213 \$997,365
PAID WITHIN ONE DAY 209 \$985,565
THERE WERE ONLY FOUR CLAIMS THAT REMAINED UNPAID ON THE SECOND DAY.

Where claims are not paid immediately it is usually due to delay on the part of the beneficiary in submitting complete papers.

First In Its Payments To Living Policy Holders.

For many years the Equitable has paid a larger amount in dividends than any other company.

DIVIDENDS PAID:

In 1900	\$3,481,641.00
In 1901	3,742,530.00
In 1902	4,477,924.00
In 1903	5,682,296.00
In 1904	6,001,903.00

FIRST IN FINANCIAL STRENGTH.

Assets	\$413,953,021.00
Liabilities	\$338,158,752.00
Surplus	\$ 75,794,269.00

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities, 124.25 per cent.

HENRY J. POWELL, Manager for Kentucky.

Equitable Building, Louisville, Ky.

For full particulars as to new policies see R. T. POLK, our representative at CLOVERPORT, or our local representative anywhere.

\$5.00
Round Trip to
Cincinnati

Via

THE HENDERSON ROUTE

and

L. & N. R. R.

ON ACCOUNT OF

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES

GOLDEN JUBILEE

Sunday, Sept. 10, '05

Special train leaves Cloverport 2:37 a. m., arrives Cincinnati 8:30 a. m.

Tickets good going on special train only.

Good returning on or before Sept. 15, 1905.

For full information ask the Agent.



THE 20TH CENTURY HAIR TONIC

IS THE MIRACLE OF THE AGE.

This wonderful preparation is not a DYE, but is a hair and scalp food, and is guaranteed to produce results after all so-called hair restorers have failed. It is strictly a scientific preparation. It will gradually restore gray hair to original color, softness and youthful beauty. It contains neither oil nor grease, and will not gum the hair. From the head, front and neck down. Cures any disease of the scalp. It is perfectly harmless in every way. It is an elegant dressing for the hair. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles at druggists, or later sold specially by express on receipt of \$1.00. Take no substitute. It is the BEST you money can buy.

THE 20TH CENTURY CHEMICAL CO.
BROWNVILLE, TENN.

HOW FARMERS ARE MAKING BIG FIGHT.

A. S. of E. to Continue Its Struggle Against Tobacco Trust-In the Wheat Market Farmer is Factor.

Tobacco cutting is in full swing throughout the Green river section. Reports vary as to what per centum of a full crop has been produced, says the Owensboro Messenger. Most of the growers still maintain that the figures given out early in the year as to the acreage were correct.

They further assert that the unusually wet season has further curtailed the crop, drowning out many whole crops and severely damaging many others. The members of the American Society of Equity feel more confident than ever of finally winning in their fight against the tobacco trust.

The American Society of Equity proposes to continue the fight with all the vigor of last winter. Very little of the tobacco deposited in Equity warehouses in Owensboro has been sold, but the officers of the society say that they will dispose of it in time to make room for the new crop. The manager of one of the Equity houses in Owensboro stated yesterday that no Equity tobacco has been disposed of thus far except comparatively small quantities of inferior grades. This has been shipped to Louisville.

The farmers have already shown holding qualities which many people thought impossible at the beginning of the struggle a year ago. Definite plans for handling the new crop have not been announced, but the committees in charge will form some adequate arrangement for holding the crop unless the market should open at prices which they feel are equitable.

New Force With Which Trade Does Not Know How to Deal.

A Chicago dispatch says: "It becomes more and more apparent in the wheat market that the farmer of the West is in this year a cardinal force. He is in the almost anomalous position of a man who can wait until he gets what he wants. At least he has figured it out that way and is doing plenty of waiting. In consequence, he has injected a new controlling influence into the market that the trade does not know how to deal with."

"That is one of the main explanations for the hesitating, timid operations of the week. There was the keenest kind of interest and more than the usual vigilance on the part of the trade events, but the sum total of business for the week shows a marked falling off. Deals were fewer in number and on a smaller scale. If the farmer of the spring wheat country shows the same kind of independence as his neighbor in Kansas and big winter wheat states, there will be still more certainty in coating a wheat horoscope."

"Yet weather in the North west and advice that stacked wheat was suffering in Kansas brought about a temporary change in the week's end and showed a net loss in all the options of practically a cent. Apparently, the trade has made up its mind about the totality of winter or spring wheat. For that reason the bullish estimate of H. W. Jones, who figures a possible crop of 624,000,000 bushels, did not have any material effect. Mr. Jones is 75,000,000 bushels short of the figures suggested by the government's latest report."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.

How To Find Out. Fill a bottle of common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours. A sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is a convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do. There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Klinger's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills even wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands out highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing diseases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

Address Dr. Klinger & Son, Swamp-Root Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake but remember the Swamp-Root. Dr. Klinger's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

on conditions. If any great confidence has been placed in his calculation, there would have been lively scenes on the floor of the exchange. "Europe is digesting all these glowing stories from North America, and sees no reason for anxiety, even if they have cause to apprehend smaller shipments this year from India, Russia and Australia. Europe is contentedly waiting. So is the American farmer, and if he keeps on doing so, undisturbed by any fears that he will not be able to market his wheat at prices as good as or better than those prevailing. Europe may begin soon to look with less equanimity upon the question of world supplies. Much will depend the next few weeks upon the attitude of the spring wheat farmer and the movement of his grain."

Cured of Bright's Disease. Geo. A. Sherman, Lisbon Red Mills, Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I had kidney disease for many years and had been treated by physicians for several years; had taken a well known kidney medicine and other remedies that were recommended but got no relief until I began using Foley's Kidney Cure. The first half bottle relieved me and four bottles have cured me of this terrible disease. Before I began taking Foley's Kidney Cure I had to make water about every fifteen minutes, day and night, had passed a brick-dust substance, and sometimes a stinky substance. I believe I would have died if I had not taken Foley's Kidney Cure." Sold by A. R. Fisher.

Office Seeking the Man.

S. W. BASSETT. With Mr. Bassett, who is a candidate for deputy sheriff on Dennis Street, is a clerk. It is a case of the office seeking the man. As has been stated in these columns, Mr. Bassett did not want to make the race, but was prevailed upon to do so by his friends.

Subscribe for the News. A Curious Custom. In Byfield, a small Northamptonshire village in England, a curious old custom is still observed in connection with the letting of certain land. The ceremony is held in different licensed houses in the vicinity, and the clergyman presides over the proceedings. The company, chiefly consisting of local farmers, is seated round a large table. Presently one of them rises and bids a certain amount, immediately walking round the table and out of the door. If this can be done before the next bid is made, the land is his for the season; if not, bidder No. 2 commences the walk, and so on. This curious auction occupies some considerable time and causes great excitement.

Interested. An English magazine tells a court story. A counsel in the middle of his cross examination was handed a telegram. "Hello," he said, as he read it. "So-and-so has won the Derby." "Mr. A.," said the judge severely, "it is very unseemly that in the course of solemn judicial proceedings, where a man's liberty and reputation are at stake, you should be talking of the winner of a horse race. Er-by the way, does the telegram say which were second and third?"

The Weight of the World. A cubic foot of earth weighs about five and a half times as much as a cubic foot of water. A cubic mile of earth then weighs 25,649,300,000 tons. The volume of the earth is 259,880,000 cubic miles. The weight of the world without its atmosphere is also 259,880,000,000,000,000 tons. If we add to this the weight of the atmosphere given above, we get a grand total—6,995,255,819,000,000,000 tons.

This Plaster. Paper Hanger—No one has paper right over the old paper. We can't get this paper off without taking the plaster along with it. Owner (modern) says: "Because the paper sticks to the plaster?" Paper Hanger—No, because the plaster sticks to the paper.

Two of Many Differences. A woman tells most when she is sad, and a man tells all when he is scared. You can jolly anything out of a woman; you can blow a man out of his breeches—Richmond Missouri.

The Clerk Was Right. "Well," said Wynant, as he vatically tried to get into a No. 12 shoe with the aid of four shoe horns, "the clerk that sold me these shoes was right. I should have worn the box."

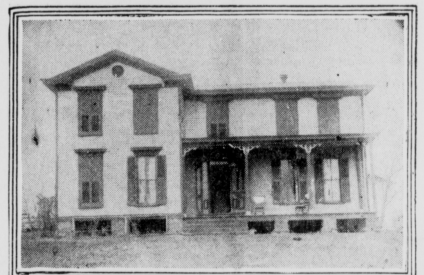
THREE OF COUNTY'S PRETTY HOMES



W. J. PIGGOT'S RESIDENCE. IRVINGTON.



RESIDENCE OF PEYTON SCOTT. AT HARNED.



RESIDENCE OF MRS. RHODES. NEAR IRVINGTON.

THE IDEAL WIFE

Shapes the Destiny of Men—The Influence of a Healthy Woman Cannot Be Overestimated.

Seven-eighths of the men in this world marry a woman because she is beautiful. In their eyes—because she has the qualities which inspire admiration, respect and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive than any other. The cost of a wife's constant illness is a serious drain upon the funds of a household, and too often all the doctoring does no good.

If a woman finds her energies are flagging, and that everything tires her, dark shadows appear under her eyes, her sleep is disturbed by horrible dreams; if she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, whites, irregularities, or despondency, she should take means to build her system up at once by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This great remedy for women has done more in the way of restoring health to the women of America than all other medicines put together. It is the safeguard of woman's health. Following we publish, by request, a letter from a young wife.

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley of 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham—"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope you women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so that I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed. I have tried many remedies, but nothing has done me any good. I have read of your medicine, and I have tried it, and it has cured me. I am now as well as I can be, and I am very grateful to you for what you have done for me. I have written this letter to let you know that I am not alone, and that you have helped many other women like me. I am, your grateful friend, Bessie Ainsley."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail. Women should remember that a cure for all female diseases actually exists, and that cure is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Take no substitute.

Ayer's Pills Keep them in the house. Take one when you feel bilious or dizzy. They act directly on the liver. **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. 125 Ave. C, Lowell, Mass.

The Call of the Wild Have you heard it recently—that summons to your subconscious self, that longing to live for a time near to the Heart of Nature? If so, you should go to **COLORADO**. There are just as good fish in the mountain lakes and streams as ever were caught, and it is the unsurpassed stamping ground of the man behind the shotgun. Remember that August and September in **COLORADO** are the best and good months of the year. Our booklet, "Under the Turquoise Sky," will give you a brief outline of Colorado game laws. Low Round Trip Rates Our Way. Exceptionally Reduced August 30 to September 4.

Rock Island System Full information on request. GEO. H. LEE, G. P. A. H. I. McGUIRE, P. P. A. Little Rock, Ark. Cincinnati, O.

FRISCO SYSTEM FROM HERE TO THERE. **TWIN TRAINS TO TEXAS** The "Meteor" through to Fort Worth, leaves St. Louis 2:30 p.m. daily. The "Texas Limited" through to Dallas, Houston, Galveston and San Antonio, leaves St. Louis 8:21 p.m. daily. Observation Cars. Fred Harvey Meals. For further information write General Passenger Agent, Frisco System, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (TEETHING POWDERS) Cures Cholera Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and MAKES TEETHING EASY. Costs Only 25c at Druggists, or mail 25c to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. Mother! Hesitate no longer, but save the health and life of your child, as thousands have done, by giving these powders. TEETHINA is easily given and quickly counteracts and overcomes the effects of the summer's heat upon teething children.

Enter School Southern Normal School, Bowling Green Business College, and National School of Telegraphy. BOWLING GREEN, KY. Sustain Teachers' Scientific, Classic, Law, Commercial and Special Courses. GRADUATES SECURE POSITIONS. Catalogues and Journals Free. MENTION COURSE WANTED WHEN YOU WRITE. Address: H. H. CHERRY, President, Bowling Green, Ky.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY LOW SETTLERS' RATES SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINES TO POINTS IN THE WEST AND SOUTHWEST. LEXINGTON AND LOUISVILLE TO—**ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST** Via Cotton Belt Route.

On first and third Tuesdays of each month round trip tickets will be sold to points in South-east Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Texas, at rate of one fare plus \$2. Stopovers allowed on the going trip; 21 days in which to return.

Cotton Belt Route trains leave St. Louis morning and evening, making connection with all lines, and carry sleepers, chair cars and parlor cars. Reserve Sleeping Car berths at 111 East Main street, Lexington, Ky., 234 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky., or Union Depots.

To Entertain Tobacco Growers. The county officials of the American Society of Equity and other prominent members of that organization met with the Owensboro Business Men's association yesterday afternoon to make preliminary arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates to the annual meeting of the National Tobacco Growers' association, which convenes in Owensboro October 18, continuing three days.

It is not known definitely how many delegates will attend. At the first annual meeting, held last year at Lynchburg, Va., the attendance was over 500 and it is expected that the number will be almost doubled. Write in for literature describing the cheap lands along the Cotton Belt Route, for maps, time table and information about rates, etc. L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A. Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, O. A burgoo will be given at Chautauque park some time during the meeting. Other social features will be arranged. Henry Berry, from the B. M. A., and L. N. Robertson, from the A. S. of E., were appointed to secure a suitable hall for the meetings. They immediately made arrangements for the use of the Grand theatre for the three days the convention will be in session.—Thursday's Owensboro Messenger.

THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

JNO. D. and V. G. BABBAGE,
Editors and Proprietors.

Issued Every Wednesday.

Subscription Price \$1.00 a year or \$1.25 if paid at the end of year.

CARDS OF THANKS over five lines charged for at the rate of 10 cents per line.

OBITUARIES charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line. Money in advance.

Examine the label on your paper. If it is not correct please notify us.

When ordering a change in the address subscribers should give their old as well as the new address.

TWELVE PAGES.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1905.

THOUGHTS.

"How happy the man who can attain renown, whose name can be written high for all the world to read, who can enlist the admiration, the commendation and the praise of all mankind, and who can know and feel in his heart that he is not merely gratifying a selfish desire for distinction, but that he is giving inestimable pleasure to a great multitude of friends. 'Not what he does, but what he has become,' Carlyle says."—Elihu Root.

JAPAN won her greatest victory at Portsmouth.

The whole world is offering thanks to President Roosevelt.

A forty-story hotel is to be erected in New York city. The roof will be 500 feet above the pavement.

It is said only one man in a million has an opportunity to achieve greatness by a single act. Roosevelt is that man.

What if a nation have peace with all the world and hath it not at home, of what profit is it? This is Russia's condition.

The candidates were very much in evidence at the Masons' barbecue, and every one of them said he was sure of being elected by a safe majority.

The man who will hurl a rock into a moving train endangering the lives of innocent men, women and children,—hanging is none too good for him. It's a heinous crime and the guilty parties should be run down and punished.

The battle of New Orleans was fought two weeks after the treaty of Ghent was signed. This battle made Andrew Jackson famous. Last week, when peace was decided at Portsmouth, the news was flashed around the world in twenty minutes. And not a soldier of either Lincoln or O'Connell fired a gun. This shows what a factor the telegraph plays in war and the business of the world.

SAM BASSETT, the clean, capable, honest citizen, has been prevailed upon to accept a place on the Republican ticket for sheriff. He has held the office of deputy for two terms and his record for fair dealing and strict attention to duty as an officer cannot be questioned. He will not only lend strength to the ticket, but character. We congratulate Mr. Sheeran and the Republicans of Breckenridge county on their wise choice.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, in reply to a telegram of congratulation from Mayor Behrman, of New Orleans, wired: "No telegram has touched me so deeply as the telegram from you, showing that in the midst of her great trial New Orleans is so keenly alive to all that affects the interest of the world and the honor of our own country. You have given fit expression to the feelings of your brave and gallant people, for only those with lofty souls can in the midst of their own grief find time to think of others. I trust I need not say how deep and constant my anxiety is for the welfare of your city and state."

MORRIS ESKRIDGE, if he be the oldest of all the candidates now before the people, don't say that he is, is not behind the youngest of them in getting around and seeing the people. He is the most enthusiastic of them all and seems to be in real earnest about wanting the office. No man or woman escapes him. Democrats and Republicans all look alike to him and he wants their votes. We like a man, not ashamed of his business or his calling and not afraid to approach men in his own behalf. The man's got a good heart in him that can do this and deserves the consideration of his fellow men.

An unprecedented harvest is what the Agricultural Department's crop report figures out for this country. The wheat crop is the best in the history of this country with the single exception of 1901.

Corn in that year was a poor crop, while this year it is to be the greatest on record. The total yield of wheat is estimated at 710,000,000 bushels and notwithstanding this immense yield the price remains high because the rest of the world has a shortage. Last year we had little abroad because our own crop was below the average and we had more people at home to eat it. This year the price will be kept up for the reason we will send one hundred million bushels abroad. Think of a corn crop well up to three billions of bushels; enough to give every man, woman and child in this country thirty bushels each. Not many years ago, corn was selling in the West at 10 and 10 cents a bushel on the farm and was largely used for fuel. Now it sells for as much as wheat once brought. It is believed that the farm value of corn alone will exceed a billion dollars. Farmers don't have to sell their corn on the spot like they do wheat. They can crib it and pen it and keep it during the winter for feeding stock and grinding.

Just think of the farmer having a billion dollar bank account to draw on. And that is what they will have in their corn crop alone, this coming winter. It is not only their corn crop, but all other crops that are good. All this has a bearing upon trade and traffic. Give the farmer good crops and good prices and he lets his dollar loose and everybody feels it. He pays his debts, he buys more goods for his family, improves his home and his farm, builds wire fences, travels more and spends more, and has a little surplus cash to put in the banks. How many men or sets of men can see anything to "knock" against now, is past our understanding.

THIS REMEDY CATARRH

is sure to GIVE Satisfaction.

Ely's Cream Balm
Relief at Once.
It cleans, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh, and drives away Colds. It relieves the Head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c, at drug stores everywhere. Trial size 10c. Sold by ELYBROTHERS, 23 Warren Street, N.Y.

"Ice Cake" and "Tomato Catsup"

John Beiser, night watchman at the J. T. Polk company's branch cannery here, was fined \$25 and costs in police court Monday morning, by Judge Willis, for carrying a pistol concealed Beiser was arrested late Saturday night while in the business part of town.

If Beiser had been attending to his duties at the cannery as watchman and had not come up town he would not have gotten into the kind of trouble he did, which has a humorous side to it. He came up town, he says, just to get himself some tobacco but got "a drink or two too much." He was at the English Kitchen and there met Nancy Ryan, engineer at the Cloverport Water, Light & Ice company's ice factory. He spoke to Ryan and addressed him as "Old Ice Cake." Ryan, in reply, called Beiser "Old Tomato Catsup" and turned his back on him. While his back was turned Beiser, apparently mistaking the name Ryan gave him, pulled out his revolver, and, being drunk and not knowing what he was doing, pointed it at Ryan and attempted to fire it. But it had a safety trigger and, somehow, he could not make it go off and it only snapped on him. Ryan says he didn't know what Beiser was "mad" about.

Handsome Reception.

(Continued From Irvington.)

Mrs. John R. Wimp gave the handsomest reception of the season last Monday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Mac Herndon, of Henderson. The beautiful lawn was brilliantly illuminated with Japanese lanterns and the spacious parlors, walls and dining room elaborately decorated with white and green, the graceful and effective white clematis being used in profusion. Mrs. Wimp was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Mac Herndon, Mrs. Jesse Herndon and Miss Eva Herndon. Refreshments were served in the dining room. Mrs. Mac Herndon and Miss Lela Tydings presiding at the trappe bowls. Those attending from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. Mac Herndon, Miss Anna May Herndon; Henderson, Mrs. Blaylock and Miss Margaret Clayman, St. Louis; Miss Lela Tydings, Miss Alice Drury and Willie Parrish, Louisville; Mrs. Mac Avitt, Gulf Port, Miss; Dr. Moreman Hardaway and Overton Blandford, Bewleyville. Mrs. Blaylock is a brilliant pianist and her playing was a feature of the evening.

Mr. Chas. Cottrell and family, of Pensacola, Florida, arrived here Monday night to visit his sister, Mrs. Geo. W. Short. Mr. Cottrell will be here for two or three months and while here will open a picture gallery in the Oelze building. Mr. Cottrell is a fine artist and knows his business. This will be an unusual opportunity for those who want good pictures either of themselves or family or views of their homes, to get them.

Fine Hogs For Sale.

I have three males and two females of the finest Duroc Jersey blood in America—April pigs which I will sell for \$10 each if sold soon; less than one half their value.—C. C. Murray, Cloverport, Ky.

Webster Loses to Cannell.

In an uninteresting game of ball at Cannellston Sunday afternoon the team of that place defeated a picked nine from Webster by a score of 11 to 7. Webster had a pitcher from Louisville.

Tobinsport Loses Game.

Tobinsport lost to Huntington, Ind., Sunday by a score of 2 to 2 in a game of base ball on the latter's grounds. Tobinsport will cross bats next Sunday afternoon with Lexington City, Ind., at Tobinsport. Ramsey, a crack Louisville pitcher, will play with Tobinsport.

Lilla Reid, a useful colored woman, died yesterday morning at 2 o'clock, at her home in the East End, of typhoid fever, after an illness of about two weeks. She leaves several children. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon from the colored Methodist church.

L. Newbury, of Dukes, brought to the News office a giant sweet potato which weighed about five pounds and was only one of many that large that he has, he says. He planted two acres of the variety and he estimates the yield at 200 bushels.

No business of importance was transacted in the city today, at its regular meeting Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Frazier have taken rooms at the Duncan House.

SAWMILL MAN PASSES AWAY.

Death Comes to H. C. Perkins, at Mattingly, At Age of 36.

Mattingly, Ky., Sept. 5.—(Special).—H. C. Perkins, who has been in the sawmill business in Breckenridge county during a large part of his life, died Sunday at the home of his wife, Mrs. Perkins, at this place. He had been in failing health for two years and in a serious condition for several weeks. He is supposed to have had a form of stomach trouble and had been at the Tar Springs and had taken treatment in Louisville, but did not get any relief. He was thirty-six years of age and unmarried.

Mr. Perkins is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Perkins, of this place, and the following brothers and sisters: Wm. Perkins, of Cloverport; James, Richard and Geo. Perkins and Misses Sally, Mina and Mary Perkins.

The deceased had the name of being one of the best young men in this part of the county.

The funeral was held Monday, the interment being at Taul's cemetery.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness, or constipation you know what pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rid the system of all bile without producing unpleasant effects. Sold by All Druggists.

Short Hardinsburg News Notes.

Hardinsburg, Ky., Sept. 5.—(Special).—Joseph Taul will raise to the ground the old brick building on Main street, near the postoffice, and erect on the lot a handsome one-story brick store house, 48x70 feet. The building will be completed this fall.

C. V. Robertson will commence, in a short time, the erection of a fine residence on his lot at the corner of Main and First streets. James Lewis of Cloverport has the contract.

James K. Brannett, of Irvington, has the contract to coil the circuit court room. It will be coiled with pine and paneling. The work will be completed in time for October court.

Lewis Kinchloe, of Louisville, suffered an attack of appendicitis last Saturday night. Dr. John E. Kinchloe, went to "him, and, after consultation, it was decided that an operation was unnecessary. Mr. Kinchloe has since recovered from the attack.

A number of Hardinsburg folks attended the Masonic barbecue at Cloverport Friday.

The public school opened Monday with a large attendance. The faculty are: Prof. John Collins, and Misses Reid and Harris.

Geo. D. R. Murray and family will move here this week. They will take rooms at the Ford Hotel.

Chas. Tucker, of Hudson, has been appointed deputy sheriff under Frank P. Payne.

Quarterly court convenes next Monday.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is certainly a wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and weak stomachs. They say it never fails to cure and that it strengthens the digestive organs and makes the stomach and breath as sweet as a rose. Sold by All Druggists.

LODIBURG.

Allen Bandy visited Rescoe Keys Sunday.

Chas. Brown, of Rhodelia, visited Luby Avitt Sunday.

Miss Mary Cashman visited her parents Saturday and Sunday.

Several from here attended the barbecue at Cloverport Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Curt visited Rev. I. C. Argabright Sunday.

Thos. Mays and Miss Myrtle Deacon visited Miss Lizzabel Head Sunday.

Darwin Argabright had his finger badly crushed last week, and is improving slowly.

Mrs. W. B. Argabright and Miss Ethel Basham visited Mrs. Rousen Brunner Monday.

Rev. I. C. Argabright spent several days last week at Cold Spring in holding a protracted meeting.

Miss Elizabeth and Davis Bandy attended church at Raymond Sunday and dined with the Misses Mercer.

Mrs. C. A. Norton, of Cripple Creek, Col., who has been visiting her parents for sometime, returned home Saturday.

Misses Anna French and Myrl Bushan, Estelle Papp, Broder, Priddy and Will Avitt visited Miss Mary F. Argabright Sunday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

Murray-Ferry Wedding.

Regarding the wedding of Miss Allene Amanda Murray and Mr. Fred D. Ferry, a brief account of which appears on another page, the Hardinsburg correspondent of the News says, in part, the following:

"The attendants were Miss Minnie Murray and Mr. David Murray, a cousin and a brother of the bride. Miss Nell Moorman played Mendelssohn's wedding march and Mr. Charles Moorman sang 'Oh, Promise Me.' A reception followed and refreshments were served the guests. Mrs. M. H. Bond and Miss Jennie Green presided at the punch bowl. In cutting the wedding cake, Miss Elizabeth Skillman, of Cloverport, disclosed the darning needle. Mr. Thomas James de la Hunt, of Cannelton, Ind., drew the ring, and little Nell Dempster cut the piece which held the dime."

"Miss Murray is a talented, cultured young lady with a wide circle of friends throughout the state, who esteem her highly. Mr. Ferry is one of the best known and most successful young business men of the county, whose sterling character has won the good will and friendship of all who know him."

"The out-of-town guests who attended the wedding were: Mrs. Ferry, of Cloverport; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ferry, Mrs. David W. Fairleigh, Louisville; Mrs. A. R. Fisher, Miss Elizabeth Skillman, Charles Moorman, Cloverport; David Murray, West Point; Miss Jennie Green, F. B. of Henderson; Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Bond, Miss Minnie Murray, Henry DeH. Moorman, John P. Haswell, Jr., Hardinsburg; Mr. Thomas de la Hunt, Cannelton, Ind."

Temperance Resolution.

The following resolution was adopted by the Breckenridge Association of Baptists at its third annual session here last Wednesday and Thursday.

"In view of the horrible calamity which took place upon an east-bound train, passing through Cloverport, while our association was in session, we call upon the good citizens of Havesville and its surrounding country to clean itself from the damning whisky traffic which brought about this calamity. We feel free to make this petition because this calamity, by the whisky traffic in Havesville, has fallen upon some of our homes and churches."

"Resolved, That a committee be appointed to have these resolutions presented to the city council of Havesville and to have them published in the papers of the two counties."

C. E. Lightfoot, Com.

J. E. Keith, Sec.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

LAXATIVE BROMO GUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it does not cure you. W. Groves's signature is on each box. 25c.

Henderson Route Trains Stopped.

Unknown parties stoned train No. 44, at Stephensport, and train No. 43, at Mystic, on the Henderson Route, last Saturday. Some of the stones were thrown through the parlor car on train No. 44, and the smoker on train No. 43. The stones were thrown from the Henderson Route. The stones were slightly hurt by the attack on train No. 44. Bits of flying glass penetrated Gary's face and he stopped off there and had them extracted by Dr. Chas. Vandekline. Blahoff's arm was slightly bruised.

It was thought by the train crew that the guilty parties were friends of the two men who were shot on train No. 44, near Stephensport, last Wednesday, by the colored porter and were seeking revenge in this manner.

It was reported here yesterday that the railway company has offered a reward of \$500 for the apprehension of the guilty parties, but the report could not be verified.

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago discovered some years ago how to make a salve from Witch Hazel that is a specific for Piles. For blind-bleeding, itching and protruding Piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases DeWitt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Sold by All Druggists.

Misses Lucy Caley and Katie ridge, of Havesville were the guests of Elsie Gregory last week.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEE

MORRIS ESKRIDGE
Candidate for
County Judge,
BRECKENRIDGE COUNTY.
Your vote and influence solicited and will be appreciated.

New

Photograph

GALLERY.

C. G. BRABANT,

PHOTOGRAPHER.

From Owensboro, has opened up a nice gallery opposite the post office in Cloverport.
All kinds of photographic work done in artistic style.
PRICES MODERATE.

PUBLIC SALE

I will sell to the highest bidder my farm lying one half mile south of Irvington, Ky., on

September 14, 1905.

Said farm contains 114 acres, also four head of horses, one mule, seven head of good cattle, one lot of hogs, twenty good sheep, thirty acres of corn, oats and hay, 1 binder, one mower and rake, all of my farm implements, household and kitchen furniture.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MRS. GLAVEY WRATHER,

Adm'r.

D. W. HENRY,

Auctioneer.

LYON & DEMPSTER,

Irvington, Ky.

The Proprietary Tooth Brush, Hard of set bristles, 30c. Brush for 25c. Fancy Carved Tooth Brush, Regular set bristles, 30c. Brush for 25c. The National Tooth Brush, Bristles are shaped to fit the teeth. Set bristles for 25c. Very Soft Bristle Tooth Brush, Regular price 25c. Our price 20c. The Bristle Tooth Brush, Regular 10c. and 15c. Brush for 5c. and 10c. Chambray Skins, best quality, from 10c. to 30c. Try one of our 5c. Chambray Skins for applying powder to face. Reunus Face Powder Leaves and flange in lock form, can be used without mirror, invaluable when face becomes moist and flange removes dirt, sweat and grease. Imparting a cool delicate bloom to face without clogging pores. Very Clean Hair Brushes, Best Bristles, made so it can be washed without injury. Regular price \$1.00 our price 75c. The Hair Brush with a clean face Regular price 75c. Our price 50c. The Ebony Back Hair Brush, Extra soft bristles Regular \$1.00 brush for 75c. Just received a lot of 50c. sample hair brushes are selling for 25c. Come and get one before they are all gone. Wire Hair Brushes, 50c. brush for 25c. Clothes Brushes any and all kinds for 25c. 10c. to 50c. Shaving Brushes, The Never Shed brush is the one you have been trying to get for 50c. to 75c. Remember we have a full line of patent medicines and that we are selling the \$1.00 size for 50c. and the 50c. and 25c. sizes are sold at the same reduction in proportion to the \$1.00 size.

LYON & DEMPSTER,

Irvington, Ky.

Flour and Produce Barrels

I have opened a Cooper shop at West Point, Ky., and am prepared to furnish barrels in quantities. Send me your orders.

F. H. KAYE,

WEST POINT, KENTUCKY.

JUST ONE WORD that word is **Tutt's.**

It refers to Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills and MEANS HEALTH.

Are you constipated? Troubled with indigestion? Sick headache? Bilious? Nervous? Insomnia?

ANY of these symptoms and many others indicate infection of the LIVER.

You Need Tutt's Pills

Take No Substitute.

The Breckenridge News.

WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1905

If you want good shoes buy from Conrad Sippel.

H. Dean, of Webster, was here part of last week.

Frank and Temple Lewis, of Addison, were here Sunday.

Keep your molasses fresh. Conrad, Payne & Co. sell the cans.

Call at Conrad, Payne & Co's and get their prices on molasses cans.

W. C. Pierceall, of Mayfield, Ky., has been visiting Father C. Brov.

Morris Kincheol and Arthur Beards were here from Hardinsburg Sunday.

Arthur Scott, of Hardinsburg, was the guest of Miss Margaret Moorman Sunday.

Wilhelm Hamman arrived Saturday from New York city for a visit to relatives.

Miss Olivia Faltner returned last week from a visit at West Clifty, Grayson county.

Miss Pearl Coward arrived from Louisville Wednesday to visit Miss Grace Plank.

Mrs. Sarah J. Bruner, of Union Star, arrived Wednesday for a visit to Mrs. D. H. Severs.

Miss Jennie Mabel Harris has been visiting her cousin, Miss Mabel White, at Webster.

A nice line of men's, women's and children's shoes just received at Conrad Sippel's store.

Miss Eliza Squires, of Hardinsburg, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jeffrin Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Squires, of Hardinsburg, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Larkin Gibson.

Mrs. H. H. Van Dyke will arrive here from Louisville this week to be the guest of the Misses May.

Mrs. F. D. Whitehead and children have arrived from Greenwood, Ind., to be with Mr. Whitehead at the Duncan House.

Miss Margaret Ford, daughter of A. Y. Ford, of Louisville, was the guest of Miss Elsie Nolt several days last week.

A. M. McCracken, of Louisville, superintendent of the Henderson Route, attended the Masons' barbeque Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Dismore and daughter, Helen, of Louisville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tillman Pauley last week.

Miss Jennie Warfield and niece returned Saturday to Louisville, after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Franz Frazee.

You need not suffer longer with rheumatic pains. Call on A. R. Fisher, druggist, for a nine days' treatment of Old Veteran Rheumatic Cure. Manufactured and guaranteed by the Old Veteran Rheumatic Cure Co., incorporated at Adairville, Ky.

Why should you send your girls to Lynnland? Simply to prove your good judgment and business ability. The location is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty. The whole institution is under the care and control of the proprietor and his wife. The teaching is of the best quality, the faculty is strong, the apparatus abundant, the school is indorsed and sustained by the best and noblest people and the cost is reasonable. No competing school of equal rank gives anything like such good terms. Send for catalogue. W. B. Gwynn, Pres., Glendale, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bell have arrived from Weehawken, N. J., to reside here. Mr. Bell will have a position as machinist at the Henderson Route shops.

A union meeting of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union and the Epworth League, the first since their formation several months ago, was held at the Methodist church Sunday

Go to Conrad, Payne & Co. for your molasses cans.

Mrs. Mary Knight, of Cannelton, formerly of this city, was here part of last week.

Miss Elizabeth Foote, of Bewleyville, has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. V. G. Babbage.

Malcolm O'Brien returned Wednesday from Kirk, where he has been engaged in farming.

Miss Verna Ryan was here from Tobinsport several days last week visiting Miss Maude Polk.

Mrs. Melville Eckridge came up from Owensboro Friday to visit her sister, Mrs. P. L. King.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Short have returned from a visit to Owensboro, Hartford and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. James Witt, of Webster, and Miss Mary Witt, of Kosetta, were here part of last week.

W. S. Ball and Henry DeHaven Moorman were down from Hardinsburg several days last week.

To purchase a stylish and becoming fall hat go to Frank & Morton's, milliners, at Walter B. Oelze's store.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. May and two daughters, Misses Eva and Eliza, have returned from Louisville.

Misses Judith Miller and Linnie D'Hay have returned from Niagara Falls and Chautauque, N. Y.

Miss Lela McGary came down from Hardinsburg Thursday for a visit of several days to Mrs. F. P. Payne.

Misses Jane Wittmer and Lucy Smith, of Cannelton, were the guests of friends and relatives part of the past week.

Mrs. Jennie Sullivan and little Miss Elizabeth Woods, of Louisville, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Oelze.

Mrs. Helen Adams, of Leitchfield, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Oelze, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. Jake Macer and Mrs. Joseph Opperman, of Howell, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tillman Pauley.

Mrs. Harned Pate, of Owensboro, and Mrs. Carolyn Tinius, of Holt, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Chapin.

Miss Alice Board, of Holt, and visitor, Miss Lucile Cox, of Henderson, have been visiting Misses Rhea and Martha Willis.

Bowmer Burks has been here from Louisville part of the past week visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bowman.

Mrs. J. H. Willis and Messrs. T. F. Sawyer and R. T. Polk were in Louisville several days last week attending the bedside of "Joe" Sawyer.

Messdames J. F. Ferry and A. R. Fisher and Miss Elizabeth Skillman attended the wedding of Miss Allene Murray and Mr. Fred Ferry at Glendale last Wednesday.

Old Veteran Rheumatic Cure is recommended for the cure of rheumatism only. Call on your druggist for a nine days' treatment, which is guaranteed to cure. Price \$1.00.

If you want your clothing cleaned and pressed call on Walter Forline, located next door to Dr. R. L. Newsom's office. He will make old clothes look new and do good work.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruner and children, of Custer, Mrs. Hall and grandson, of Webster, and Mr. Harrington and daughter, of near Garfield, were here last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Holt.

Old Veteran Rheumatic Cure is guaranteed to cure rheumatism only. Try a nine days' treatment. If one nine days' treatment does not cure you a second nine days' treatment will. For Sale by A. R. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky.

Why should you send your girls to Lynnland? Simply to prove your good judgment and business ability. The location is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty. The whole institution is under the care and control of the proprietor and his wife. The teaching is of the best quality, the faculty is strong, the apparatus abundant, the school is indorsed and sustained by the best and noblest people and the cost is reasonable. No competing school of equal rank gives anything like such good terms. Send for catalogue. W. B. Gwynn, Pres., Glendale, Ky.

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Go to Conrad, Payne & Co. for your molasses cans.

DR. R. P. KEENE,
Representing
TAYLOR & KEENE,
DENTISTS
OF OWENSBORO,
Will be in Dr. Lightfoot's office one week out of each month, prepared to wait on all wishing High Class Dentistry.
Date Will be Announced Later.

evening before the hour of the preaching service. It was largely attended by members and non-members of both organizations, the Sunday-school room being full and many being seated in the main part of the church. H. L. Oelze, president of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union, at the invitation of the Epworth League, led the union meeting and made a short talk, taking the familiar quotation from John, "Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth," as his text. He emphasized the importance of seeking Christ early in life, spoke of the great interest taken this year by the young men and young women of the city in Christian work and of the possibility of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union and the Epworth League evangelizing the town. One feature of the meeting was a solo by Dr. A. A. Simons.

Waldo Simons, of Tobinsport, who drew the lucky number in the contest for the \$100 graphophone given away by M. Hamman & Son at the Masonic barbeque last Friday, preferred the graphophone to the \$50 in gold offered by C. W. Hamman in its stead, and took the machine to his home at Tobinsport Saturday. As it was heard half a mile back of Tobinsport when played in this city at open-air concerts last week, Cloverport people may still get the benefit of its music, though it has been moved across the river.

E. G. Brabant, a photographer of Owensboro, bought the photograph gallery of W. B. Oelze, on Elm street, last week, for the purpose of operating it.

Emmett Mattingly has accepted a position of barber at C. W. Hamman's.

Your Watch Repaired and Guaranteed.

If we don't do as we say we will, we will return your money.

We have first-class hand guaranteed goods in watches, clocks, chains, charms, rings, spectacles, silverware, etc., at

Prices You Cannot Duplicate Elsewhere.

We live here and everybody knows us. If our word is not good, don't believe what we say. Our big sales and immense amount of repairs speak what people believe.

T. C. LEWIS & SON,
YOUR JEWELERS,
HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY.

Now's The Time

WHILE THE WEATHER IS GOOD TO LET US HAVE YOUR ORDER FOR

LUMBER.

YOUR HOUSE, BARN, OR STABLE PROBABLY NEEDS SOME REPAIRS. WE HAVE ALL KINDS OF FRAMING MATERIAL AND CAN SUPPLY CHOICE POPLAR OR WALNUT AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE.

COME TO US.

Prices furnished on application. Special prices on large orders.

Seaton & Weatherholt,
Cloverport, Ky.

Wants.

Advertisements inserted under this head at one cent a word per week.

FOR SALE—FARM.
FOR SALE—Farm. Apply to Gardner A. Brown, Cloverport, Ky.

FOR SALE.
PRINTING Presses and Cutting machines and one lot of good Laundry machines. Also new and second-hand gas and gasoline engines.—BARTIN GAMBLE, 316 and 3rd Street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—TUTION CERTIFICATE.
FOR SALE—Tuition Certificate Bryan & Stratton's Business college, Louisville. For prices and particulars write The Breckenridge News, Cloverport, Ky.

FOR SALE—SWINE.
FOR SALE—Swine O. F. C. pigs bred from pure and registered by L. R. Silver & Co., registered in American Stock Association. Also a lot of good bred light Brahma chickens, hatched from stock bought from C. S. Louisville, Ky. Will sell as follows: \$1.00 for rooster or hen, \$2.00 for pair, \$2.00 for trio. Also one champion wheat under that only fifty-seven acres of grain, seed pure and in good growing order. Also one Havana produce wheat drill that will work. Will sell cheap for trade or any part of the above for good live stock.—A. A. Oelze, Tobinsport, Ind.

Subscribe for the News.
HENDERSON ROUTE NOTES.

One way second class colonist tickets to South and Southeast, first and third Tuesdays each month at reduced rates.

Homeseekers Excursions to all points to which homeseekers' rates apply.

One way colonists' rates to California and the Northwest March 1 to May 15, and Sept. 15 to Oct. 31, 1905.

L. H. & ST. L. TIME TABLE

EAST BOUND.
No. 46, Daily Fast Train leaves Cloverport 5:40 A. M. stops at West Point only arrives at Louisville 12:25 P. M.

No. 42, Daily, Mail and express, leaves Cloverport 7:10 A. M. stops at all way stations, arrives Louisville 12:25 P. M.

Train No. 48, Daily, Cloverport accommodation leaves Cloverport 8:30 A. M.

WEST BOUND.
No. 47, Daily, Cloverport accommodation leaves Cloverport 7:00 A. M.

Train No. 41, Daily, fast mail and express leaves Cloverport 10:31 A. M. stops only at Harrodsburg, Henderson, Madison, Evansville, arrives St. Louis 7:20 P. M.

Train No. 43, Mail and Express daily, arrives Louisville 12:25 P. M. Evansville 10:30 P. M. stops at all stations.

Train No. 45, Louisville train, leaves Cloverport 11:46 P. M. arrives Evansville 1:35 A. M. St. Louis 7:40 A. M. stops at Harrodsburg, Owensboro and Henderson only.

Chair cars on trains 41 and 42, between Louisville and Evansville. Through sleeping cars and reclining chair cars on trains 45 and 46, between Louisville and St. Louis.

Fordville Branch.
EAST BOUND.
Train No. 2, Daily except Sunday, leaves Fordville 4:30 A. M., arrives Irvington 9:40 A. M.

Train No. 4, Daily except Sunday leaves Fordville 5:30 P. M., arrives Irvington 9:30 P. M.

Train No. 6, Sunday only.
Fordville 8:30 A. M., Irvington 9:30 A. M.

WEST BOUND.
Train No. 3, Daily except Sunday leaves Irvington 4:30 A. M., arrives Fordville 9:40 A. M.

Train No. 5, Daily leaves Irvington 6:30 P. M., arrives Fordville 9:25 P. M.

INSURED AGA I N S T
LOSS BY FIRE AND
BURGLARY, HIGHEST
RATE OF INTEREST
PAID ON TIME DE-
POSITS.

Bank of Cloverport,
Cloverport, Ky.

barber shop, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Carl Overton.

Miss Pearl Gregory and mother returned Monday to Frankfort. Miss Gregory was taken seriously ill on August 25, while visiting her cousin, Miss Maude Polk, and her mother was summoned to her bedside. She was much improved when she left for home.

Miss Elsie Nolt entertained Thursday afternoon in honor of her visitor, Miss Margaret Ford, daughter of A. Y. Ford, of Louisville. Those present were Misses Margaret Ford, Elizabeth

Skillman, Lucile LaNeave, Virginia Hudson, Mildred Babbage, Lucy Adams, Jane Lightfoot, Mary McGarock and May Owen and Addie Young, of Morganfield.

Rev. Elias Anton, the pastor, and Schewel Cherkun, a deacon, of the Syra Chaldean church, in Armenia, were here Saturday and Sunday collecting subscriptions to erect a new

MEET ME AT NOLTE'S.

THE COOL SPELL

REMINDS US THAT SOON THE GEN- TLE BREEZE WILL BE TINGED WITH FROST

ARRIVING DAILY

Are Our Fall Goods Embracing Dry Goods, Silks, Outing Cloth, Flannelettes, Broadcloth, Panama Cloth, Mohair, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Shirts, Blankets, Comforts.

Keep US in Mind When You Are in Need of Anything in Our Line.

J. C. Nolte & Bro.,
Cloverport, Ky.

It Always pays best to buy your food stuff for quality rather than cheapness. That's why

CADICK'S GOLD DUST FLOUR

is such a good investment. It will make more delicious things to eat than you have any idea. The purest grain and the best methods of milling insure this. It is the finest product of the wheat. It awaits you at your grocer.

Cadick Milling Co.,
GRANDVIEW, IND.

Babbage & Son's

CUT RATE, SPOT CASH PRICES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

One bbl. Golden Crown Flour	\$4.65
One bbl. Farmers' Choice Flour	4.45
One bbl. Clover Leaf Flour	4.25
17 Pounds Granulated Sugar	1.00
60 Pounds White Cloud Lard	3.50
7 Bars Red Wrapper Soap	25c
7 Bars Big Deal Soap	25c
8 Bars Toilet Soap	25c
One Dozen Mason's Quart Jars	55c
3 Cans Salmon	25c
One Dozen Table Glasses	25c
2 Pounds Good Soda	5c
3 Bottles Ammonia	25c
6 Boxes Capitol Matches	25c
6 Sacks Table Salt	25c
1 Brass Wash Board	30c
3 Dozen Clothes Pins	5c
6 Cakes Sweet Chocolate	25c
1 Gallon Syrup	30c
25 Pairs Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes at	90c
Best Brands Calico per yard	4 1-2c
Any of our 10c, 12 1-2c and 15c Lawns at per yard	5c
Our 10c Manchester Chambray per yard	5c
Men's \$1.00 Jeans Pants per pair	65c

Young Plants

Every farmer knows that some plants grow better than others. Soil may be the same and seed may seem the same but some plants are weak and others strong.

And that's the way with children. They are like young plants. Same food, same home, same care but some grow big and strong while others stay small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion offers an easy way out of the difficulty. Child weakness often means starvation, not because of lack of food, but because the food does not feed.

Scott's Emulsion really feeds and gives the child growing strength.

Whatever the cause of weakness and failure to grow—Scott's Emulsion seems to find it and set the matter right.

Send for free sample. Scott & Borne, Chemists, 609 West 1st St., New York City, and all druggists.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Presiding Elder J. T. Rushing preached at the Methodist church Sunday morning and evening and Monday evening. It being the last quarterly meeting before the Louisville conference.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bell have arrived from Weehawken, N. J., to reside here. Mr. Bell will have a position as machinist at the Henderson Route shops.

A union meeting of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union and the Epworth League, the first since their formation several months ago, was held at the Methodist church Sunday

house of worship, to replace one destroyed by their persecutors, the Turks. Rev. Anton has lost an arm in fighting with his countrymen against Turkey. They have been in this country only two months but spoke fairly good English. They received some help here, letters of recommendation from members of Protestant churches in Kentucky and Indiana aiding them greatly in their work.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. **Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.**

Cures Crip in Two Days. on every box, 25c.

The Breckenridge News.

WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1905.

No Quarantine in State.

Regarding the report to the effect the Kentucky state board of health had quarantined against refugees from the South, Dr. J. M. McCormack, secretary of the state board, has given out the following interview:

"Kentucky has not established a quarantine, but has simply extended its regulations of August 3, so as to require that no railroad or steamship company shall furnish transportation to or bring into this state any person from any of the infected districts of Louisiana or Mississippi who do not hold a certificate from some proper state or United States health official that he has remained at one of their detention camps for at least seven days. All of the lines from the South have been notified of this regulation and it is now in full operation."

It is easy to relieve a cough or cure a cold after a copious evacuation of the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar is the Original Laxative Cough Syrup. It acts on the bowels—expels all cold from the system and cures coughs by removing the cause. This remedy clears the phlegm and strengthens the mucous membranes of the throat, chest, lungs and bronchial tubes. The honey bee and the red clover blossoms are the active ingredients of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar, the Original Laxative Cough Syrup. Sold by All Druggists.

Rockefeller to Surprise Country.

New York, Aug. 30.—On what is stated to be the best of authority, the Herald today says that John D. Rockefeller is planning gifts of money for educational and charitable purposes which will far surpass any contributions he has heretofore made. His methods selecting objects for benefactions have been changed, however, and hereafter they will be made largely upon the advice of his son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and according to systems learned by the younger man when he was in Europe a few months ago.

Got Off Cheap.

He may well think, he has got off cheap, who, after having contracted constipation or indigestion, is still able to perfectly restore his health. Nothing will do this but Dr. King's New Life Pills. A quick, pleasant, and certain cure for headache, constipation, etc. Sold at Short & Haynes' drug store, guaranteed.

"Pat" Masterson Heavy Loser.

In a \$5,000 fire at Troy, Ind., last Wednesday morning, "Pat" Masterson, formerly of Cloverport, was a heavy loser. A sale stable of Mr. Masterson's and the roof and interior furnishings of the Riverside Hotel, of which he is the proprietor, were destroyed by fire and water. Hill's livery stable was destroyed and the Knights of Pythias hall slightly damaged.

WAS A VERY SICK BOY

But Cured By Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera And Diarrhoea Remedy.

"When my boy was two years old he had a very severe attack of bowel complaint, but by the use of Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy we brought him out all right," says Maggie Hirox, of Midland, Mich. This remedy can be depended upon in the most severe cases. Even cholera infantum is cured by it. Follow the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by Short & Haynes.

To Investigate Juggling.

Washington, Aug. 31.—President Roosevelt in a letter to Representative John Wesley Gaines promises that there will be a searching investigation of the juggling of tobacco statistics. Mr. Gaines, who is here, says the president's promise is unqualified, and as strong as language can make it. J. P. Killbuck, the recently appointed tobacco agent of the department of agriculture, was granted thirty days in which to prepare for taking office. The appointment came as a surprise to him, and found him busy with his tobacco crop.

Attacked By a Mob

and beaten, in a labor riot, until covered with sores, a Chicago street car conductor applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon sound and well. "I use it in my family," writes G. J. Welch, of Tekonsha, Mich., "and find it perfect. Simply grog for cuts and burns. Only 25c at Short & Haynes' drug store."

Handsome Automobile Here.

A party of Evansville people, consisting of two ladies and two gentlemen, passed through the city last Wednesday morning in a large touring automobile en route from Louisville to Evansville. They made the trip to Louisville on the Indiana side of the river. They made the return trip on the Kentucky side as the hills are not so difficult to climb as on the other side. The automobile was the largest and handsomest ever seen here.

Warm Canvass Will Be Made.

Henry D. Moorman, of Hardinsburg, is at The Seelbach. Mr. Moorman is the Democratic nominee for County Judge of Breckenridge county. He said that a warm canvass will be made over the county this fall by candidates on both sides. While Breckenridge county is considered a close county, he said, the Democrats feel confident of carrying it this fall—Friday's Courier-Journal.

"A cold or cough nearly always produces constipation—the water all runs to the eyes, nose and throat instead of passing out of the system through the liver and kidneys. For the want of moisture the bowels become dry and hard." Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar is the Original Laxative Cough Syrup. It meets and corrects the above conditions, by acting as a pleasant cathartic on the bowels—expels all colds from the system and cures all coughs, croup, whooping cough, LaGrippe, bronchitis, etc. Sold by All Druggists.

Prices of Barley and Oats Set.

The American Society of Equity has issued, from the national union, the 1905 oats and barley bulletins. The yield of the oats crop in this country is estimated at 275,000,000 bushels and all oats growers are urged to hold their crop at a minimum price of thirty-five cents per bushel. The yield of the barley crop is estimated at 127,500,000 bushels and a minimum price of forty-five cents per bushel is recommended.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Acts on Nature's Plan.

The most successful medicines are those that aid nature. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. Take it when you have a cold and it will allay the cough, relieve the lungs, and expelation, open the secretions and aid nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. Price 25 cents. Large size, 50 cents. For sale by Short & Haynes.

Entertained at Rockport.

Mrs. W. P. Egnemann entertained at her Tuesday evening in honor of her guests, Miss Ruth Haynes, of Cloverport, Ky., and Miss Beadie Simpson, of Nicholasville, Ky.—Rockport (Ind.) Democrat.

Range of the Honeybees.

"The range of honeybees is but little understood," said an authority. "Many suppose that bees go for miles questing after water while others think they go only for a short distance. It may be any one or many to understand how they can tell so far as bees may fly, but this is simple when understood."

"Years ago, when the Italian bees were first introduced in the United States, they were having much difficulty from the common bees already here, were easily distinguished, and after a beekeeper had obtained the Italian bees they could be observed and their range easily noticed. If bloom is plentiful close to where bees are located they will not go very far, perhaps a few miles, but if it is scarce they may go five miles."

"Usually about three miles is as far as they may go profitably. Bees have been known to go as far as eight miles in a straight line, crossing a body of water that distance to land."—Milwaukee Free Press.

The Power of a Voice.

Stories abound to illustrate the power possessed by great speakers and actors to stir the emotions of the masses by the tones of the voice. It is said of the elder Booth that he brought tears to the eyes of a company upon one occasion by the tone in which he uttered the opening words, "Our Father," of the Lord's Prayer.

A story is told of the great Irish orator, O'Connell. An attorney had been made upon him in the house of commons. When O'Connell arose to reply, his lofty brow was black with thunder and his arms uplifted as if to strike. Then, checking himself, he said, "But the gentleman says he loves Ireland." Lowering his tone to the rippling murmur of a summer brook, he continued, "I have no words of bitterness or reproach for any man who loves Ireland." The pathos in the fragmentary utterance of the last word brought tears to the eyes of many veterans of the house.

A Double Meaning.

A good story is told of a famous English engineer. An attorney went to him when he first began his career to ask him an opinion of a check for that amount. After the opinion was given he inquired as to the fee and was told it was 25 guineas, which he accordingly paid. Some years later, when the same engineer had acquired a reputation and been made a fellow of the Royal society, the same attorney went up to him for an opinion, and when he had received it said, "I remember the last time I was here I asked your fee, and you said it was 25 guineas, and so I have brought a check for that amount." The engineer looked at him and asked him if he knew what F. R. M. meant. The answer was "F. R. M.," certainly. It means fellow of the royal society." "Yes," said the engineer, "and it means also, 'Fees raised since.'"

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A Common Palpable Error In Diagnosis And Treatment.

Written For The News by A. P. Latham, M. D., Ellensburg, Wash.

Most doctors have always been kind, honest, honorable and self-sacrificing men. Nevertheless, an intolerance exists among them: 1st. Against instructing the public; 2nd. Against just criticism; 3rd. Against any idea at variance with their own. This opposition to public instruction is traditional—an heirloom of the dark ages, when ignorance was covered with mysticism. Although medicine is not an exact science to-day, and never will be, our present light enables us to share it with an intelligent public.

While most people preserve a strange indifference in regard to knowledge of whatever pertains to the health of themselves and families, the interest in such matters is growing wonderfully, as is evidenced by the support given to an ever-increasing number of popular health journals.

While the standard of medical education is being continually elevated in our medical colleges, there is so much tangent which is of no practical use, to the exclusion of facts which conduce to the patient's welfare. Theory is all right and text-books are necessary, but the doctor at the bedside of his patient must investigate and be his own judge and jury in matters so vitally important, oftentimes disagreeing with the text-books. He must think for himself. Every location has its diseases common to that section of country. Each season according to its atmospheric conditions develops certain diseases. The topography of the country is important in making a correct diagnosis, as is also the social customs and habits of life of the people. The water supply, presence of ponds and swamps, overflowing wells and springs, filthy cess pools and out-houses and pig pens, faulty diet, clothing, unspiced to the season, exposure of all kinds, etc., etc., help to a correct diagnosis.

La grippe, pneumonia and "typhoid" fever appear only under certain atmospheric conditions. Last summer "typhoid" fever and malarial troubles were conspicuous for their absence. There was a lack of humidity—the air was of normal dryness. I kept a hygrometer and watched the state of the atmosphere from day to day. Winter a year ago the air was very dry and predisposed to pneumonia. There were a great many cases. Last winter the air was not so dry and as a result a gripe appeared but there was less pneumonia. This summer has been rainy and my hygrometer has shown an excessive humidity—a result suspended in the air. As a result malarial and "typhoid" troubles appeared and are still present. The still-water ponds in this section, also overflowing springs and wells, under certain rain falls and the hot sun, along with decayed vegetation, contaminate the air and water to produce the majority of our summer fevers. There are doubtlessly many sources of infection, also, in our towns. The mosquito may, rarely, convey the infection from the sick to the well. With few exceptions the summer and fall fevers which we have are malarial in character. In the month of March, when atmospheric conditions are favorable, the chills appear; later come the intermittent type of malarial fever, characterized by a violent chill, fever and sweat—the fever some times reaching 106 degrees, but the temperature falls with the sweat to normal. Next come the remittent type of malarial fever. It is a severe type of malarial disease, and the temperature never at any time becomes normal. This disease closely resembles typhoid fever, but the step-ladder temperature and pea soup stools peculiar to typhoid, are absent. Hemorrhages and other symptoms are similar to typhoid. The lesions are in the abdomen. The estivo-autumnal parasite can be found in the blood cells; the typhoid bacillus is absent. This remittent or estivo-autumnal fever is the slow fever which the doctors have misdiagnosed as "typhoid." Quinine is an absolute poison in this fever and is the drug which plays havoc with the patient—it maims or kills. If the patient lives through the quinine ordeal, the disease is only suppressed and it re-appears at another time. This is not the case when the disease has been properly diagnosed and properly treated.

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Quinine mad is the state of the dominant school of medicine to-day. The routine and indiscriminate use of the drug by most of these physicians, has induced many people to likewise abuse it by becoming habitual users. There is not the slightest indication for quinine in typhoid fever nor in the remittent type of malarial fever. It is positively contra-indicated. Quinine converts a wild fever into an exceedingly grave one, leaving the patient unaided by ill health. It happens to survive. Sufferers from chronic disease applying to me for treatment frequently remark, "I have not felt well since I had the fever." To anyone with a knowledge of the facts such a remark condemns the treatment which was given for the fever. The disease, instead of having been cured, has been suppressed. This is why they have it again and again. Other harmful drugs are included in the common treatment of these fevers. Antipyretics, acetanilide, phenacetine are powerful heart depressants. Their evil effects on the patient are then partly counteracted by strychnine and whiskey. These often fail to counteract and the patient dies. Even the strychnine and the whiskey are physiologically inimical to each other. Lastly, too strong and powerful blood antiseptics are used. They add fuel to the fires of the fever and increase peristalsis favoring hemorrhage. When the latter happens, acetanilide, strychnine and whiskey are then partly counteracted by strychnine and whiskey. These often fail to counteract and the patient dies. Even the strychnine and the whiskey are physiologically inimical to each other. Lastly, too strong and powerful blood antiseptics are used. They add fuel to the fires of the fever and increase peristalsis favoring hemorrhage. When the latter happens, acetanilide, strychnine and whiskey are then partly counteracted by strychnine and whiskey. These often fail to counteract and the patient dies. 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THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT.

VOL. XXX.

CLOVERPORT, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1905.

12 Pages

NO. 8

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

GOOD ROADS A NECESSITY FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF ROUTES IN COUNTRY.

Post-Office Department Receives a Varied Line of Communications from Its Carriers. Many Farmers Anxious to Co-operate.

"These two go hand-in-hand," said the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Hon. P. V. DeGraw. "There are hundreds of what we call 'Adverse Reports' in which the Rural Agent, after inspecting a proposed rural free delivery route, reports that the roads are such as to preclude the possibility of a carrier traveling them at all seasons of the year. The Rural Community should not expect service at their doors unless they show a disposition to meet the Department half way by providing passable roads.

"The Department can neither compel carriers to travel bad roads, nor risk their lives and the safety of the mail at dangerous fords and on unsafe bridges. Nor can carriers be required to leave their vehicles and open gates across roads. The policy of the Department requires either that gates

beary rains. "At the Big Sandy Ford the water was six feet deep, and I thought I should have to go back to town. But the folks on the other side had a boat ready, and loaned me a rig. So I got through O. K. They had to repeat this for ten days. I told them I thought the Government would pay them for it, but they wouldn't hear to it. I wish you would thank them for their kindness." And the Department wrote a letter to the Postmaster, expressing its appreciation of their action.

But it is not always so. Read this from a Postmaster: "I hate to complain—but there is a stretch of road through a creek bottom on route No. 2 that has been flooded for several weeks. The creek is choked up with brush and the water backs up two feet over the road for nearly a mile. The rural carrier says his buggy has been turned over several times, and his horse almost gets mixed at one place. It would be a simple matter to open the creek so the water will run off. But the people up there say it isn't their business, and that if they don't bring the mail they will complain to the Department. And the Road Supervisor says he hasn't any more money. What shall I do?"

Others write of washouts not mended, bridges tumbling down, trees blown across the highways. In 'some

NOT LIKE THE KAISER.

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY HELPFLESS WHEN FIANCEE'S CHAPERONE DISAPPEARS.

Revival of Ancient Customs and Practices at the Royal German Wedding—Small Scandal of the Kaiser's Court Circle.

The Emperor of Germany and the Empress as partners at a card game, with the Crown Prince and Crown Princess as opponents, with other members of the royal family similarly occupied, was an incident of the marriage festivities when Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany and the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were joined in happy matrimony. This was one of the ancient customs practiced by the Prussian royal family two centuries ago and earlier, and was revived a couple of months ago when the royal marriage was solemnized in the Fatherland. While the royal family were at the cards, distinguished personages of the country and from abroad were received by the ruling family.

A Custom of the Dark Ages.

Another ancient ceremony practiced was a dance for royalty by torchlight, while a still more medieval custom was carried out after the bride and bridegroom had left the wedding party, when the chief lady-in-waiting gave to each of the guests a garter of silk and

WORK FOR SAKE OF ACHIEVEMENT.

Secretary Shaw Gives Some Good Advice in an Address to Young Men.

"The work of the world is not being done well. It does not improve, and success waits for the young man who can do it better than others," said Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, the Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent talk to young men. "Do not work for the sake of compensation. Work for the sake of achievement. The man who works for compensation wears himself out in eight hours, but the man who works for the sake of his employment can work more than twelve hours a day without experiencing fatigue. You're going into the busy world and there is good pay in store for good services. Competition is more intense now than it ever was before. You must continue to improve to get along and the best worker commands the highest compensation for his labors."

Leslie M. Shaw was dependent upon his own efforts for securing an education after he left the common schools. He taught school in the winter and worked in the harvest fields in the summer. Several years he tramped Iowa selling fruit trees and nursery stock, and no one ever said that the trees he sold did not come true to name or were not as he represented them. His energy was unbounded and he was determined to succeed in spite of his poverty. After years of hard work he earned enough to complete his college course at the University of Iowa. He then went to the law and was admitted to the bar. He is now the Governor of the Hawkeye State to take control of the greatest financial and political power in the world, the Treasury of the United States.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT SOCIAL PROBLEMS OF THE PRESENT TIME.

Large Numbers of Europeans Annually Inhabit American Industries—Returning Home After Each Season's Work.

American Immigration is one of the serious problems of the day. Employers in one part of the country are clamoring for laborers, while in other sections, particularly the large centers, men are complaining that the steady influx of cheap European labor is a constant menace to their employment, and that men stand ready at any moment to take their jobs at cut-throat wages.

A great difficulty with our system of immigration lies in the fact that we have no adequate machinery for spreading over the country the influx of new material which is constantly arriving. A diagram, reproduced from Harper's Weekly, shows the enormous concentration in New York and Pennsylvania where the poor population is already crowding together, while in the outlying states, where immigration and labor are needed, the yearly additions are entirely insignificant. This diagram represents the distribution by states, but it is known that in New York, for instance, more than half of the new arrivals are concentrated in New York City. Immigrants should be distributed.

The problem of our immigration is one which should not, and cannot, be solved by the action of one individual. The vast number of men and women who have come over from southern Italy have lived all their lives on farms, poor farms they are to be sure, and small, but these peoples' training and entire education have been in the

worthy citizens; herded together by the thousands in the great centers are entirely different from anything to which they have been accustomed, they constitute a growing and very great menace.

In times of prosperity this fact may not be generally appreciated, but with each succeeding depression or "hard times" period becomes more and more apparent and a greater and greater danger.

Amending the Law or Enforcing it? It is believed, and the immigration officials are working to this end, that there should be a considerable tightening up of our immigration laws. It is certainly a detriment to the country to have a vast army of workers, even though they have sufficient intelligence to pass our inspection, come into the country and work for a season, and

then go back to their European homes to remain until the next working season. These men, while in the United States, live on little or nothing, work steadily, and carry home with them the bulk of their earnings. This is anything but an advantage to the general welfare of the country except as it enables certain contractors and captains of industry to secure labor more easily.

There is also more or less violation of the immigration laws; but this is only possible on any large scale where the English language is now spoken by the hard hand of the law brought down, not only on the offending immigrant, but upon the party or agency which has induced him to make the attempt to unlawfully get past our borders. There would be far less of the undesirable class for the nation to assimilate.

STEADY IMMIGRANTS' COMING TO SWELL THE CONGESTION OF OUR LARGE CITIES.

It is not as though more people than a handful of the European population are coming to swell the congestion of our large cities. The German Empire has 70,000,000; the Japanese Empire, 70,000,000; America, 77,000,000; the United Kingdom, 42,000,000; France, 38,000,000; Italy, 32,000,000; and Spain, 18,000,000 speak Russian (not count in the calculation. Owing to the rapid growth of the United States, the English language is now spoken by more persons than use any other civilized tongue. Charles V. said he spoke German to his horse, French to his Italian to his lady friend and Spanish to God. In his days, three and a half centuries ago, Spain was a land on which the sun never set. England was only a small spot on the map, and the English language held only a minor place in the civilized tongues. To-day more than 120,000,000 people speak English, 100,000,000 speak Spanish, including the inhabitants of the Latin American countries, and 40,000,000 speak French. Formerly French was the Court language of Europe, but now English is as well-known at the European capitals as is French. English,

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DIAGRAM SHOWING COMPARATIVE IMMIGRATION FROM DIFFERENT STATES.

line of getting returns from the soil. Distributed throughout the sparsely settled agricultural regions, these southern Europeans would be welcome, and within a generation would, in the majority of cases, become



PATRONS OF THE R. F. D. HELPING THE CARRIER AT A WASHOUT.

on private and public roads covered by carriers be removed, or that they be made automatic, that is, of such construction that the carriers can open and close them without dismounting."

The Faithful Carrier.

Many letters on this subject come to the Department from rural carriers. At certain seasons heavy rains occur in all parts of the country. When roads are flooded and washed, bridges are carried out, and shallow fords become impassable, carriers often go miles out of their way to succumb such obstacles.

They are a loyal, uncomplaining class, these faithful messengers, bringing the mail day after day, in all weathers, cold and hot, wet and dry. And it is no more than fair that patrons assist them in every way possible, breaking out snowdrifts, draining bottoms, and bridging creeks.

"I want the Department to know what good citizens we have in this part of the country," wrote an appreciative carrier last winter, serving a 28-mile route in the Middle West. "We have had the heaviest snow of the season—roads are six to ten feet deep. All along my route the farmers were ahead of me with heavy sleds, breaking a road for my buggy, and when I was halfway around, four hours late, both me and Billy high trekked out, they stopped me at a little

case—"They say they have repaired the road, but all they did was to throw in pine brush and scatter dirt over it, and the carrier's horse went through, and all but broke a leg."

Warnings of the Department.

Of course, there are localities in which, for lack of money, or material, or as a result of the peculiar lay of the land, roads cannot be made good. But in most cases bad roads result from indifference and neglect, of either the patrons or the county authorities. And where such negligence becomes persistent, continuing after warning from the Department, the route is changed, the carrier is authorized to take another and better road, and the patrons responsible for the change must suffer for the loss of convenient mail delivery.

It is safe to say that a road of good pike will pay a larger dividend to the farmer than any equivalent investment he can make. Roads are as necessary as houses and farm tools. A good road is a saver of time, stock and gear; it encourages industry; it makes for success in agriculture; it further increases happiness; it opens the way to better civilization. As a rule in good-roads localities you find good farms, and prosperous farmers. To some extent the prosperity of a region exists in advance, and is responsible for the good roads, and in



THE NEWLY WEDDED CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY

STATUTE REGULATES MORALS.

District Attorney Jerome, of New York, Points Out that Laws are Deficient.

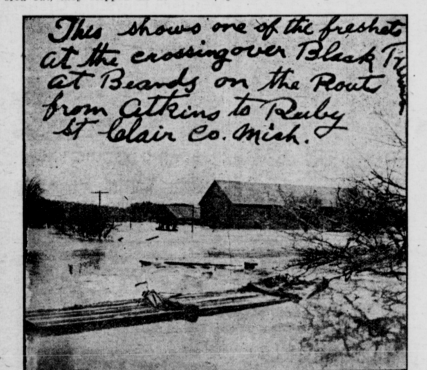
"Within the last decade or so there has arisen an entirely new class of crime," said Mr. Jerome in a public statement, "crimes which do not come within the pale of the law. In the earlier days of American history when a man wanted to rob his neighbor he did so by force, and there were laws which attended to his case if he should be detected and found guilty.

There are no laws to cover 90 out of 100 crimes committed every day in this era of high finance. In England, France, and the countries of Europe the necessity of safeguarding the people against financial crimes has been recognized by laws which have been enacted to this end.

"The trouble in this country is that the morality of a great many people is governed by what is on the stock books. Thousands of New Yorkers are blind to the moral side, and only know an act is immoral when it is written into the law as a felony.

A Helpless Young Bridegroom.

What was the dismay of the Crown Prince's advance enquiry when he found that the fiancée was only accompanied by a lady-in-waiting and a maid—a scandalous situation indeed, as viewed by the most etiquette of the royal family. The enquiry, an aged, experienced official, telegraphed Grand Duchess Anastasia to come instantly by special train, to arrive in Florence before the Crown Prince. But she replied that she could not undertake the journey as it was most fatiguing and she saw nothing wrong in her daughter being accompanied only by a lady-in-waiting. The Kaiser, on learning of the situation and of the refusal of the Grand Duchess, was most incensed. And while all this was going on the Crown Prince arrived in Florence, found his betrothed alone and then telegraphed his father of the situation and asked helplessly, "What shall I do?" For an answer his father ordered the Grand Duchess Cecilia home to her mother and his son to leave at once for Berlin under penalty of having the engagement annulled.



FICTITIOUS LETTER FROM A CARRIER.

village, put Billy in a warm stable, gave us both a good dinner, and sent me on with a fresh horse and a cutter. I tell you, Mr. Postmaster General, there's nothing too good for these people out here."

Farmers Provided a Delay.

Another carrier reported a delay in returning to the post-office on account of

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FARM NOTES.

Work of the United States Department of Agriculture.

GUY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

The New Stingless Bee.

A gentle bee, is such an insect in existence? Surely every thought of our honey-makers brings up an association of our childhood days when we used to rob the hives and partake of the stored-up sweetness, perhaps to be amply rewarded with scolding words and hands as a result of the resentful nature of the busy workers. So, then, the announcement from the Department of Agriculture that it has discovered a stingless bee, or rather a bee with no inclination to sting, comes as something of a shock, making us wish that we were children again and able to once more enjoy the luscious treasure of a hive without having projected into our systems the irritating venom of the bee's sting.

To the beekeeper, and especially the amateur, this discovery of the bee ex-

Bee Hives in New York City.

The roof of a prominent business house in New York City is known to contain a prosperous apiary, while



READY FOR ANGRY BEES.

another of about 40 colonies is located on the roof of a store in the business portion of Cincinnati, Ohio, and from which 30 to 40 pounds of honey per colony are usually obtained each year. Mr. Benton, in speaking of the present methods of bee culture, stated that it is always desirable to have gentle bees, but that other essential is a good smoker and a will of black bobnet or Brussels net, to draw over the hat and a pair of gloves, preferably of rubber, may be used at first. These appliances may be safely dispensed with if the gentler bees are kept.

The Department of Agriculture maintains a modern apiary just a short distance from the main building where

the various experiments with different varieties of bees have been made.

GREAT HONEY BEE OF EAST INDIA.

The various experiments with different varieties of bees have been made.

Government Apiarist Dr. Forrester.

Mr. Benton has just departed on a tour of the globe hunting for desirable types of honey-makers. He will make a collection of the European bee, but perhaps the most interesting feature of his trip will be his visit to the Philippines Islands for the purpose of securing the giant bee of those countries. This bee has never been subjected to domestication, and its artificial culture is unknown. It is very much larger than any of the bees now being raised in apiaries, and the length of its tongue enables it to reach the sweets of many honey-bush flowers and plants which our own kinds cannot gather.

CARE OF LIVE STOCK IN TRANSIT.

Secretary Wilson's late visit to Chicago to inspect the live stock trains and the manner in which they are loaded with cattle, was of great interest, being about an improved condition in the handling of interstate shipments of livestock. Mr. Wilson gave the Livestock and Railway Committee, appointed to confer with him, the best care for the stock sent out on railroads. The railways have not observed the law, in his opinion, as closely as they ought to have done, but it is now assured that they will do so, and are anxious to cooperate with the government. If they do so, we will have no more trouble over this question.

Scoping Them Up by Handfuls.

They were even scooped up by the handfuls and poured back on the rack. The operator was not even stung once, and all through the experiments the honeybees retained the amiability which has made them famous at the Department.

While Bee Raising is Carried on Successfully in the Small Towns in the Country, Few Persons Know That the City is Well Adapted, to a Limited Extent, to this Interesting Industry.

The city of Washington is an example of this, bees located there doing better

not far from the facts in the case, and he can well point with some pride to the splendid organization of his department at this time, even though much hue and cry has been made over the recent discovery of "graft" in the statistical division of the department. It is only due Mr. Wilson also to say that it is entirely to his own enthusiasm and the enthusiasm and energy with which he has imbued the corps of chiefs and assistants which he has gathered about him that his department has advanced during the last year. It was, prior to the present Secretary's appointment, little more than a bureau. It now takes rank as one of the foremost, important and most popular branches of the administration. The entire department, with less enthusiasm and more caution and conservatism there would have been less scandal. The provost facts brought to light thus far do not, as a matter of fact, disclose anything very terrible, or any concerted action to defraud the government or the people, and the individual cases which have been proven and will be accorded summary action. The housecleaning in progress will undoubtedly have a beneficial effect and any official deceptions will tend to improve future conduct.

Lumber Waste and Forest Fires.

The average American lumber camp is known to be a most wasteful institution. Little regard is shown for the growth of new timber, but the greatest danger comes from forest fires which are fostered through the dried logs and left by the lumbermen.

National Forest Cutting.

The rules and regulations adopted by a large lumber company in Louisiana, which has seen fit to cooperate with the Bureau of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture, provide for the cutting of its timber so that the supply will never be exhausted, only the surplus trees being cut, and for the planting of all cleared areas in young trees, thus insuring a constant supply of lumber for the needs of the nation.

DAIRYING ON SAN JUAN HILL.

Historic Spot Now the Abiding Place of Contented Cattle.

An official of the Department of Agriculture, in making investigations in Cuba shortly after the close of the Spanish-American war, found an illustration of the old truth that the business of peace follows closely upon the heels of war. Close to the summit of San Juan Hill, up which Colonel Roosevelt and his riders plumed on that memorable July day, was found a dairy house sufficiently large to house three or four cattle.

USE OF HERBS DECLINING.

Good Old Remedies Our Grandfathers Dug in Woods Have Passed Away. In the village of Greenwich, England, in a quiet old street where the buildings are so thick that they tingle themselves together in a knot, there is a queer little shop with a sign over the door that reads, "An Herbol for Every Pain."

THE MODERN DAIRY ON SAN JUAN HILL.

Around this was a fenced enclosure constructed of timber and barbed wire, evidently collected from the remnants of the trenches and entanglements constructed by both the Americans and Spaniards when they faced each other in deadly combat.

THEY EAT MOSQUITOES.

Young Fish Make Short Work of Last March some 400 whitefish were born in the hatchery of the New York Aquarium, and they have now grown to an average length of about two inches. Naturally such little fishes, when born under the conditions of nature, would have to find their own food, but they were given finely chopped animal life usually present in water, but in the Aquarium it was necessary to provide food collected by man. First they got herring roe chopped up very fine and strained through cheesecloth, then they were given finely chopped liver, but now they are partaking of a fish delicacy in the way of mosquito larvae.

Non Rebate Tribulations There.

From the Washington Post. The President will have no difficulty in adjusting the railway question in China, where there is no obstinate Senate in the way.

SOUTHERN TIMBER SUPPLY.

SUFFICIENT FOR NATION'S DEMANDS IF RATIONALLY USED.

Young Trees Planted on Cleared Areas Constantly Coming Forward to Maturity, Thus Making a Constant Supply.

Since the vast timber lands of the Northwest have been practically denuded the lumbermen in that region are seeking new fields in the South, for a lumberman is always a lumberman and a planter. The yellow pine and hardwood forests of several of the southern states, which have been long neglected for the lack of transportation facilities, have now attracted the attention of northern lumbermen and the southern forests are being visited by the railroad and the saw mill. Timber land which a few years ago was considered worthless a dollar an acre now brings from \$10 to \$25, and with the advent of this practically new industry and increase in population, much of this land after being logged has been disposed of for agricultural purposes. The large advances over what was paid for it with the timber standing, and has been converted into prosperous farm houses.

Lumber Waste and Forest Fires.

The excellent work of the government Forestry Bureau is, however, calling the attention of broad-minded men to the national seriousness of such waste, and it is stated that in the South the Southern Railway is doing its utmost to encourage ordinary business prudence on part of land holders and saw mill operators to insure the perpetuation of our great timber resources. Throughout the South several species of pine trees grow up quickly on cut-over land, and even on new land. The New Orleans Times-Democrat states that with land comparatively cheap and worthless for agricultural purposes, the growing of pine in the South makes one of the safest investments, provided fires are kept out.

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"There's a Reason."

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AGE OF A COMMON CROW.

Tag Would Indicate That One Lived More Than Twenty Years.

George McCarren, a farmer living near this city, has just received a much prized little aluminum plate marked as follows: "Return to George McCarren, Orville, Ohio," with which an interesting story is connected.

George McCarren, Sr., father of the man who received the little billet of aluminum, was an eccentric naturalist, and spent much time in the study of birds and insects. During McCarren's youth, about twenty years ago, he remembers being told by his father, the elder McCarren, of a dispute the latter had with a fellow-naturalist of Akron, Ohio, as to the way to be attained by a common crow to be attached to the matter McCarren attached an aluminum tag to a crow captured in the fields and sent the bird forth with the plate securely fastened to its neck by wires. The legend on the plate requested the finder to return it to McCarren in case anything should happen to the bird.

As McCarren Sr. remembers it, the two men made a bet as to whether the plate would be returned within twenty years. If the crow was killed or died, they counted on the little billet being found and returned to the address on the plate. If this was not returned, they believed it would be sufficient evidence that the bird would be still alive. McCarren bet that the plate would not be returned within that time; hence he won the bet. The crow was shot by a farmer by named Angus in Holmes county recently and the billet returned to the son of the better, the elder McCarren having died before he could realize the proceeds and the satisfaction of winning his wager.

The little billet is highly prized by the McCarrens as a memento of the father's eccentricity.

A Quarter of a Century

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during the spring and summer months than those in the surrounding country, owing to the excellent pasturage afforded for the bees in the numerous gardens, parks and meadow-land shade trees.

Graft in the Department.

Secretary Wilson's recent somewhat facetious remark that when he entered the Agricultural Department he found a corps of half-starved scientists was

BEES CONFER IN GROUND OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AT WASHINGTON.

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The Enigmas of Herculano

By Guy de Maupassant.

They formed a circle around Judge Bernier, who was giving his opinion of a mysterious affair that had happened at Saint-Cloud. For a month this inexplicable crime had been the talk of Paris.

M. Bernier, the dominant figure of the group, standing with his back to the fireplace, talked about it, discussed the various opinions, but came to no definite conclusions about the matter.

Many women had risen and come nearer, remaining standing, with eyes fixed upon the smooth-shaven face of the magistrate. They shivered and vibrated, through their curious fear, which tortured them like a hunger.

One of them, paler than the others after a silence, said: "It is frightful. It touches the supernatural. We shall never know anything about it."

The magistrate turned toward her, saying: "It is probable, madame, that we never shall know anything about it; but for the word 'supernatural,' when you come to use that, it has no place here. We are in the presence of a crime skillfully conceived, very skillfully executed, and so well enveloped in mystery that we can not separate the baffling circumstances which surround it. Still, once in my life, I had to follow an affair which seemed truly to be mixed up with something very unusual. However, it is necessary to give it up, as there was no means of explaining it."

Many of the ladies called out at the same time, so quickly that their voices sounded as one:

"Oh! tell us about it!"

M. Bernier smiled gravely, as judges should, and replied: "You must not suppose, for an instant, that I, at least, believed there was anything supernatural in the adventure. I believe only in normal causes. And, if in my life, I had not used the word 'supernatural' to express what we can not comprehend, we should simply use the word 'inexplicable.' It would be much better. In any case, the surrounding circumstances in the affair I will relate to you have affected me much."

The Vendetta.

"I was Judge of Instruction at Ajaccio, a little town lying on the border of a beautiful gulf that was surrounded on all sides by high mountains."

"Yes," echoed the listeners.

"What I particularly had to look after there was the affairs of the vendetta. Some of them were remarkable as dramatic as possible, ferocious and heroic. We found there the most wonderful subjects of vengeance that one could dream of. In the sixteenth century old, appeared for a moment, but never extinguished, abominable details, assassinations, massacres and almost glorious battles. For two years I heard of nothing but the price of blood, of the vendetta, of the Corsican who is bound to avenge all injury upon the person of him who is the cause of it, of his wife and descendants. I saw old men and infants, relatives, with their throats cut, and my head was full of these stories."

"One day we learned that an Englishman had rented for some years a little villa at the end of the Gulf. He had brought with him a French servant."

"Soon everybody was occupied with this singular person, who lived alone in his house, only going out to hunt and fish. He spoke to no one, never came to the town, and every morning practiced shooting with a pistol and a rifle for an hour or two. He was reputed a dead shot."

"Some legends about him were abroad; that he was a high personage from his own country for political reasons; and that he was concealing himself after having committed a frightful crime. Some particularly horrible details were even related."

"In my capacity of Judge, I wished to get some information about this man. But it was impossible to hear anything. He called himself Sir John Rowell."

"I contented myself with watching him closely; although, in reality,

there seemed nothing to suspect regarding him. He was so long for an occasion to meet him. It finally came in the form of a party where I shot and killed before the very eyes of the Englishman. My dog brought it to me; but immediately taking it I went and seized Sir John Rowell to avoid the dead bird, excusing myself for intrusion."

"He was a tall, powerful man, with red hair and red beard, very large, a sort of placid, polite Hercules. He had none of the so-called British languidness, and heartily thanked me in French for the delicacy. At the end of a month we had chatted together five or six times."

"Finally, one evening, as I was passing by his door, I perceived him inside at the game table, with his pipe. I saluted him and he asked me to have a glass of beer. I joined him."

"He received me with the fastidious courtesy of the English. With great precision in the form of a lively interest, I put some questions to him about his life and his projects. He responded without embarrassment, told me that he had traveled much, in Africa, in the Indies, and in America. He added, laughing: "I have had many adventures; oh! yes."

A Great Hunter.

"I began to talk about hunting, and he gave me many curious details, hunting the hippopotamus, the tiger, the elephant, and even of hunting the gorilla."

"I said: 'All these animals are very formidable.'"

He laughed: "Oh! no! The worst animal in the world is the human being. I laugh with the hearty laugh of a big contented Englishman. He continued: "I have often hunted men, also."

"He spoke of weapons and asked me to go into his house to see his guns of various kinds and kinds. His drawing-room was hung in black silk embroidered with gold. There were great vases, flowers, and things over the smaller stuff, shining like fire."

"It is Japanese cloth," he said. "But to the middle of a large panel, a strange thing attracted my eye. Up on a square of red velvet, a black object was attached. I approached and found it was a hand, the hand of a man. Not a skeleton hand, white and characteristic, but a black, dried hand, with yellow joints and the muscles bare, and on them traces of old blood, of blood that seemed like a seal, over the bones sharply cut off at about the middle of the fore-arm, as with a blow of a cutlass. About the wrist was a enormous iron chain riveted, soldered to this unseen member, attaching it to the wall by a ring sufficiently strong to hold any living man."

"I asked: 'What is that?'"

"The Englishman responded tranquilly: "It belonged to my worst enemy. It came from America. It was broken, left to rot, and dried in the sun for eight days. Oh, very good for me, that was."

"I touched the human relic, which must have belonged to a colossus. The fingers were immediately long and attached by enormous tendons that held the straps of skin in place. This dried hand was frightful to see, malignant, and, naturally, of the vengeance of a savage."

"I said: 'This man must have been very strong.'"

"With gentleness the Englishman answered: "Oh! yes; but I was stronger than he. I put this chain on him to hold him."

"I thought he spoke in jest and replied: "The chain is useless now that the hand cannot escape."

"Sir John then replied gravely: "It always wishes to escape. The chain is necessary."

"With a rapid questioning glance, I asked myself: 'Is he mad, or is that an unpleasant joke?'"

"But the face remained impenetrable, tranquil, and friendly. I spoke of

other things and admired the guns. "Nevertheless, I noticed three loaded revolvers on the polished furniture, as if this man lived in constant dread of attack."

"I went to see Sir John Rowell many times after that; then for some time I did not go. We had become accustomed to his presence; he had become indifferent to us."

Killed in the Night.

"One morning, toward the end of November, my servant came to me with the announcement that Sir John Rowell had been assassinated in the night."

"A half hour later I entered the Englishman's house, with the central commissary and the captain of police. The servant, lost in despair, waited for me at the door. I suspected him at first, but afterward found that he was innocent."

"The guilty one was never found. "Upon entering Sir John's drawing-room, I perceived his herculean body stretched out upon its back, dead, in the middle of the room. His waistcoat was torn, a sleeve was hanging, and it was evident that a terrible struggle had taken place."

"The Englishman had been strangled. His face, black and swollen face seemed to express an awful fear; he had something between his set teeth, and his neck, pierced with five holes, apparently with a pointed iron, was covered with blood."

"A doctor joined us. He examined closely the prints of fingers in the flesh, and pronounced these strange words: "One would think he had been strangled by a skeleton."

"A shiver ran down my spine and I cast my eyes to the floor on the wall where I had seen the horrible torn-off hand. It was gone! The chain was broken, and the hand had disappeared."

"Then I bent over the dead man and found in his mouth a piece of one of the figures of the missing hand, cut off, or rather saved off by the Englishman's teeth, exactly at the second joint. Then they tried to collect evidence. They could find nothing. No door had been forced, no window opened, or piece of furniture moved. The two catchers on the premises had been aroused."

"Here, in a few words, is the deposition of the servant."

"For a month his master had seemed agitated. He had received many letters which he had burned immediately. Often, taking a whip, he had struck in fury, this dried hand, fastened to the wall."

"He had retired late and shut himself in with care. He always carried a revolver. Often in the night he talked out loudly, as though fighting with some one. On that night, however, there had been no noise, and it was only on coming to open the window that the servant had found Sir John assassinated."

"One night three months after the crime, I had a frightful nightmare. It seemed to me that I saw that hand, that horrible hand, running like a serpent along my curtains and my walls. Three times I awoke in fright, then, three times I fell asleep and again saw that hideous relic galloping about my room, moving its fingers like paws."

"The next day they brought it to me, found in the country upon the tomb where Sir John Rowell had been buried—for they had not been able to find his family. The index finger was missing."

"This, ladies, is my story. I know no more about it."

"The ladies were terrified, pale and shivering. One of them cried: "But that is not the end, for there was no explanation! We can not sleep if you do not tell us what was your idea or the reason of it!"

"The magistrate smiled with severity, and answered: "Oh! certainly ladies; but it will spoil all your terrible dreams. I simply think that the hand was not dead and that he came for it with the one that remained to him. I was never able to find out how he did it. It was a kind of revenge."

"money, and he is more careful of the jars. Through methods as inexcusable as the laws of nature nothing ever goes to waste in the Rockefeller household. From morning till night the daily routine is one of studied economy in the least of things, bordering on parsimony."

"His father young Rockefeller is a hard worker, and he has the same immovability in purpose and aim."

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RESTORING THE TREASURY.

Government Strong Box Will Resemble the Building in Time of Andrew Jackson.

While a number of the Government departments have been having a general washing of their "dirty linen," the United States Treasury building is having its outer walls cleaned by a new system invented by a Marylander, James H. Bruce. Several weeks ago Mr. Bruce explained to the officials a method which he had discovered of cleaning granite and sandstone which gave results much better than accomplished by either brushes or sand blasts. He showed them what could be done with a small granite block. Dipping a large brush into a bucket of murky looking liquid he covered the stone's surface, after which, by the aid of a jet of water from a garden hose,

he washed the mysterious liquid off, leaving the stone as bright and clean as when it came from the quarry.

The process looked so easy and the results so surprising that the department authorities told him to go ahead and clean the foundations of the structure, paying him therefor at the rate of \$5 a day for his labor. After the foundations were cleaned, he was contracted to clean the entire building for \$2,000.

A Secret Discovery. What the process achieved by him is, Mr. Bruce, of course, is not willing to reveal, and it appears that in order to be protected by letters patent he would have to give the authorities at the Patent Office the formula which he proposed to invent. This, also, disgruntled persons could go ahead and manufacture their own cleaning compounds.

Since the cleaning under this process the Treasury building has presented a marvelous transformation. The huge granite blocks which form the foundation of the building on all four sides, as are free from smoke or other discolorations as they were when first quarried. The old foundations, lamp and fence posts, and the lower half of the building are dazzling white, while the uncleaned columns are a dull brown.

Example of Splendid Architecture. The Treasury is regarded by persons who are good judges of architectural beauty as the finest type of classic architecture, except the White House. It is the verdict of many foreign architects who visit the National capital. Around the outside of the building are sixty-six Ionic columns, each thirty-five feet long and three feet in diameter, many of which are monoliths or single stones. About three years ago these columns were cleaned by the sand blast method, but the results were not at all satisfactory. Before cleaning, the Treasury was one of the darkest, grimest buildings in the country, its particular kind of stone appearing to catch and retain all the particles of soot and smoke in the air. Without it has to many eyes always retained a grand, if somewhat gloomy appearance, embodying great strength and solidity, a fit repository of the world's greatest financial institution.

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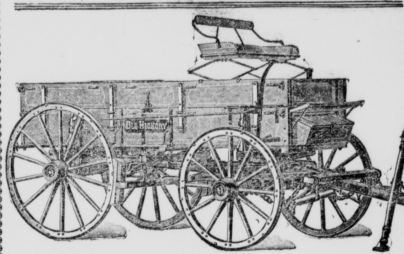
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Example of Splendid Architecture. The Treasury is regarded by persons who are good judges of architectural beauty as the finest type of classic architecture, except the White House. It is the verdict of many foreign architects who visit the National capital. Around the outside of the building are sixty-six Ionic columns, each thirty-five feet long and three feet in diameter, many of which are monoliths or single stones. About three years ago these columns were cleaned by the sand blast method, but the results were not at all satisfactory. Before cleaning, the Treasury was one of the darkest, grimest buildings in the country, its particular kind of stone appearing to catch and retain all the particles of soot and smoke in the air. Without it has to many eyes always retained a grand, if somewhat gloomy appearance, embodying great strength and solidity, a fit repository of the world's greatest financial institution.

The U. S. TREASURY BUILDING. he washed the mysterious liquid off, leaving the stone as bright and clean as when it came from the quarry.

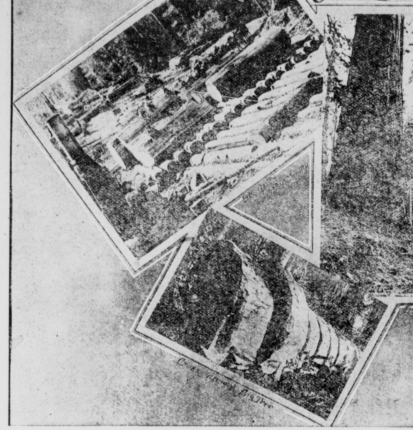
The process looked so easy and the results so surprising that the department authorities told him to go ahead and clean the foundations of the structure, paying him therefor at the rate of \$5 a day for his labor. After the foundations were cleaned, he was contracted to clean the entire building for \$2,000.

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GIANT SEQUOIAS of California



The giant Sequoias of California are surely one of the great wonders of America. Their huge proportions, vastly exceeding any of the other species of great trees of which the Pacific Coast country is prolific, coupled with the fact that they are one of the few floral descendants of a previous age (they flourished throughout the destructive glacial period) cause the beholder to view in silent wonder a work of nature more beautiful and imposing than anything which has ever been reared by the hand of man.

These gigantic Big Trees, prior to the glacial period, grew over a wide area of the American continent, but the fires of that period eradicated them down into a few favored spots on the Pacific Coast, where their groves stand as a connecting link between the present age of civilization and the unfathomable epochs of the dim past, far back beyond human tradition and fable.

Barb Two Feet Thick.

The Sequoia is a tree, Mr. Clifford Pinchot, the Government Forester, tells us, which has come down through the vicissitudes of scores of centuries solely because of its superb qualifications. Its bark is often two feet thick and nearly uncombed, and the oldest specimens felled are found to be as solid and sound at the heart, while destructive fungus is an enemy unknown to it.

Man the Destroyer.

But puny man, with his little brain, his little hands, his little tools, his little energy, his little span of active life of three or four decades, the enemy of many living things, is fast working that destruction among these forest giants which forty centuries of time have not accomplished. Yet some of the Big Tree groves have been purchased by the Government and saved from the hand of ruin; and it is interesting to note that while there has been thus far only destruction of these noble trees and practically no new growth, the Bureau of Forestry has successfully experimented in raising the young Sequoia. Last year King H. Davis, in charge of the General Land Office, successfully transplanted 300 baby Big Trees, and further discovered how best to secure the sprouting of the Sequoia seeds. His method is to take the seeds lightly in good soil, covering this with a straw mat and burning it off. The ground squirrels dig up some of the transplants, but these rodents were poisoned off. The young plants grew during the past summer from 10 to 15 inches each.

Should these trees live and reach maturity, what transformation may they not see in the American Republic? Who of the great Americans of the past

could have been in the world 4,000 years hence, who will have been lost in the great shuffle of Time's cards, for that is the age of some of the largest Sequoias as shown by microscopic examination of their rings of annual growth.

Four Hundred Feet Tall.

The tallest Sequoia of the Coast is now prostrate, the "Father of the Forest," belonging to the Mammoth Grove. How long this giant has lain recumbent none knows. When growing in its primitive majesty it exceeded 400 feet in height, with a circumference of 110 feet. Standing alone and apart from other trees, it rose a majestic pillar for 200 feet without a limb. In falling it struck against and partially demolished "Old Hercules," another ancient rival in size. The trunk of the "Father of the Forest" lies a huge hollow cylinder, predatory fire having eaten out its heart wood. In to this great pile a tall man can ride direct on horseback a distance of 80 feet.

Mr. J. M. Hutchings, in "In the Heart of the Sierras," thus describes another fallen Big Tree, in the Stanislaus Grove:

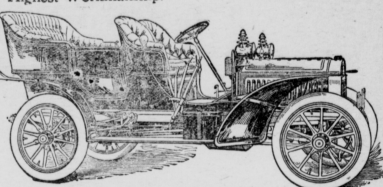
"The Giant Heart," as its name implies, is a prostrate tree, the upper side and heart of which have been burnt away, so that the remaining portion resembles a huge bowl, in the bottom of which thousands of young Big Trees have started out in life, and, if no accident befalls them, in a thousand or two years hence they may be respectable trees. "Noah's Ark" is another prostrate shell, hollow for 150 feet, through which for 60 feet three horsesmen could ride abreast."

Save These American Wonders.

None of the giant trees of the tropics, the cottonwoods, the baobabs, or the eucalyptus of Australia compare in actual size and majesty with the magnificent Sequoia gigantea of California. Rearing their high heads to heaven and looking down on the making of world history, for, if not five, thousands of years, it seems a pity and a shame that the hand of commerce should now lay these giants low. Every specimen of the Big Tree, and there are but a few groves left, should be protected by the Government for future generations to gaze upon and wonder. That the lumbering and timbering of the Big Tree monuments of a long-gone age should be allowed is little short of a crime. Trees that stood in full vigor when Christ walked the earth must surely awake a sentiment to appeal for their protection from sordid destruction.

OLDS MOBILES THE CAR THAT GOES

for 1905 Highest Workmanship. Lowest Prices.



Cars for Immediate Delivery.

Olds Motor Works DETROIT, MICH.

Admiral Togo a Lobster.

The story is told of Baron Komura that he evidently made a slip of his tongue when he spoke at a dinner a short time ago in calling Admiral Togo a lobster. Now to an American a lobster is very far from being a friendly name to call such a hero as Togo has proved to be. This was called to the Baron's attention when the statement

"Always Leave Them Laughing When You Say Good-Bye."

Tropical Conditions.

"The father kicked you out, did he? I thought you said you'd make him come to terms?"

"No I did not," he said. "You should have heard them."

It Was Mary or Go to Work.

"George, dear," said the homely, happy little bride who had half a million in her own right, "why did you ever marry such an ugly girl as I?"

"You are not to be a beauty, dear," answered the truthful George, "but you're worth your weight in gold; be sensible, either had to marry or find something to do."

A Natural Scarecrow.

A farmer recently paid a visit to a neighbor, and as he passed along by the side of the fields he made a mental note of the fact that no scarecrows were visible. Meeting his neighbor almost immediately, he opened conversation as follows:

"Good morning, Mr. Oates. I see you have no scarecrows in your fields. How do you manage to do without them?"

"Well, well enough," was the innocent reply. "You see, I don't need 'em for 'I'm in the fields all day myself."

Reflections of a Diabeleto.

From the New York Press. "Sometimes a man is so smart that he can save money even if he is married."

"Family life is nearly always contented with the family is asleep. All old maids know how to teach mothers how to raise their children and young ladies how to manage their husbands."

"Saving money is a lot of fun for your boys."

"You can tell when a girl is not engaged by the way she pretends to be, and when a man is not married by the way he pretends not to be."

"A woman's idea of fortune tellers is to keep on asking them until she strikes one that she just knows tells her the truth because it is what she wants to hear."

"A man has more principle, but a woman more conscience."

SOME AFTER THOUGHTS.

The writers of current history tell us that Mr. Rockefeller did not begin to accumulate money until he had passed the age of thirty-five. When it is considered how little of it he has left for the rest of us, we can congratulate ourselves that he didn't get an earlier start.

The price of meat has advanced twenty-five per cent. in thirty days for the last six months, according to consular reports. The price of flour has advanced ten per cent. in the same period. There are some sections of the country that have not been heard from on this point.

"What," asks the Boston Globe, "shall we do for the men who are paid \$1.50 a day?" The Washington Post says he should get a good deal more.

The Tobacco Trust makes the claim that the taxation of cigarettes has nearly doubled in Indiana since they were first taxed. The Trust should be flattered, then why the Trust should be flattered.

"We are overrun by fads," says Professor Ross, of the University of Nebraska. The Professor is not alive to the progress of events. The automobile is no longer a fad.

The peace advocates studiously and deliberately evade the question as to whether it should be applied to Korea or China.

Editor Bok, of the Ladies' Home Journal, says that women desire to please men. There are others that assert that they desire to please men.

"Has the pedestrian any rights left?" asks the Syracuse Post. He has one—the right to choose whether he shall run down by a trolley car or an automobile.

The Chicago labor unions have taken up the question of a strike for the last time. The time will come when men will be more anxious to come to their own homes.

Since the extra session of Congress has been called off, there will be no wrangling in the halls of additional mileage for Congressmen.

The Massachusetts police force is out looking for a woman who has been seen in the city. She is a "mongrel" dog, 15 pounds in weight and a little over a year old.

Mr. White states that Russia "has little resemblance to other countries. The government is not so much as the case."

Russell Sage, the New York multimillionaire, has been seen in the city. He is a "mongrel" dog, 15 pounds in weight and a little over a year old.

It is a very fortunate thing that Mr. Rockefeller has made investments, as his annual dividends from the Standard Oil Company amount to only \$16,000,000.

The "learn how to build the best ships in the world" is a new book from recent years. It is a "mongrel" dog, 15 pounds in weight and a little over a year old.

It is, however, that the book and Spanish ships themselves were all right.

THE WILD MUSK OX.

A STRANGE ANIMAL OF THE POLAR REGIONS WHICH DIES IN TEMPERATE CLIMES.

Attempts of "Buffalo" Jones, Lieut. Peary and Others to Domesticate It Have Failed—Has a Shaggy Coat.

In November, 1901, there arrived in San Francisco a whaler having on board what was then the first musk ox ever brought alive to the United States. It was captured in March of that year at Langston Bay, Alaska, and consigned to Mr. C. P. Perolat, of Chicago, who sold it to ex-Secretary William B. Egan.



DRAWING OF MUSK OX MADE IN 1875.

key of the Navy. It was presented to the zoological park of New York City. The desire to capture some specimens of musk oxen and bring them to the United States is of long standing, but all efforts in that direction have failed until the arrival of the one brought by Captain Peary in 1901. While the habitat of the musk ox is no inaccessible as to make its capture one of great difficulty, yet the greatest obstacle was the position of the Indians who warned the party that the



WILD MUSK OXEN IN GREENLAND.

animals must not be taken out of the country alive. It was the belief of the natives that if any musk oxen left the country alive all other animals would die or leave the country and thus the people would perish of hunger. While they offered no objection to the killing of the animals, when they learned that the object of the ex-

pedition was to capture the animals alive, they refused to go further.

"Buffalo" Jones an Ox Hunter.

Hon. C. J. Jones, of Topeka, Kans., better known as "Buffalo" Jones, has hunted the musk ox and he relates how on one occasion he and his companions had captured five yearlings out of one herd. The journey homeward with the animals was begun, the men driving the animals, which were all tied to a single pole. On the third day the men decided to kill the animals and eat the meat. The men decided to kill the animals and eat the meat. The men decided to kill the animals and eat the meat.

Thrives on Scent Rations.

Musk oxen are found in the barren lands of British America, the Parry Archipelago and other lands to the northward of the continent. They prefer rocky, barren ground and mountainous where there is no other food and scarce. The musk oxen possess great vitality and endurance; their breasts are as broad and well-developed as that of a Norman horse. The meat on the lean extends well down to their hocks. While they vary in length from 5 1/2 feet to 8 feet, they are in appearance much larger, due to the huge mass of woolly hair covering their bodies. General Rogers, the explorer, in his government report stated that he came across one which weighed over 1,200 pounds, although he stated that the bulls usually vary from 550 to 600 pounds; the cows weigh about 75 pounds less. The flesh of the musk ox is excellent; in fact, the Grosvonts party saved much of its health to its diet of this sort of flesh.

Flourishing Industry, Archaeologist Says, in Wisconsin.

"The manufacture of imitation antiques, especially in the form of copper and flint implements, is quite a prominent industry in Wisconsin. In spite of the fact that it is in fact a dishonest and a fraudulent industry, and that the Wisconsin Archaeological Society is doing all in its power to put it to rest, it is nevertheless a flourishing industry, and is being carried on by a number of men throughout the state who have made a business of manufacturing these imitations and selling them."

Manufacture of Antiques.

"A blacksmith is almost always at the bottom of the fraud, although he may not be the originator of the plan, and may even be an innocent accomplice. He hammers out the copper implements at his forge, and then they are treated with chemicals or buried in a river bed to give them the appearance of age. Then they are buried and after a little it becomes necessary to plow up the field where they are hidden, and the manufacturer hires a man to do the plowing and incidentally to find the recently manufactured antiques."

Ancient Implements by Wholesale.

"One man in Wisconsin does an extensive business, and the large number of the same kind of implements found by him aroused our suspicions. The majority of them get in too much of a hurry and do not wait for the chemicals to work properly, and this gives them away. Mistakes are also made by the men who make antiques out of flint—as a rule they have no scientific knowledge, and they pound the flint into shapes never dreamed of by the Indians."

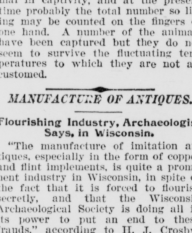
The Great objection to these imitations is that they get into really fine collections.

Perhaps the collector has been knowing they are fine imitations, but when he dies, unless his cabinet is labeled, the imitations are sold as genuine, and it is important for gentle investigation that this should be avoided. A new law, just enacted, will aid the society in putting an end to these frauds, who are to be found in all parts of the state and many of whom have been located."

THE PRODIGAL SON.

New Play by Hall Caine, Which Contains a Moral.

Hall Caine's new play, "The Prodigal Son," which had its initial production in Washington on August 23, contains one scene showing the experience of the prodigal in a gambling house. Mr. Caine had been criticized by those who knew, in that his book on the same subject did not describe this



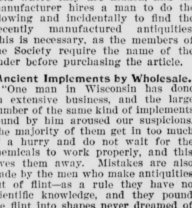
HALL CAINE.

scene true to life. In order that the play should not be lacking in accuracy or realism the author visited several gambling places on the Riviera. Experienced bacarrat players pointed out to Mr. Caine the weaknesses of many points he had brought out and so under the guidance of one of the best known European gamblers and plungers, he visited all the most notorious clubs, casinos and gambling halls at Monte Carlo, and while his aristocratic guide played bacarrat Mr. Caine took quiet notes of all that went on.

The Pleasure of Work.

From the Washington Star. "Does your boy, John, enjoy work?"

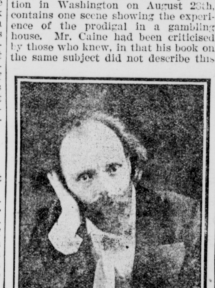
"Yes," answered Farmer Cornwell. "He can sit on the fence and watch people work for hours. I dunno as I ever see anybody that seemed to get more enjoyment out o' work than he does."



SOME PEOPLE HAVE GREATNESS THIRST UPON THEM.

A Bear Hunt in Borneo.

An interesting group of photographs may be seen in the museum connected with the University of Rochester, New York, which, as shown in the accompanying illustration from the "Ethnological Survey," might be called a skeleton hunt, for it not only represents



HALL CAINE.

the bear, but also the hunter mounted on his horse and accompanied by his dog, the work of a expert taxidermist. The illustration shows the hunter on his dog at bay, standing upon a low hill, ready to attack either animal or man.

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HARDINSBURG.

Alfred Heston went to Louisville Sunday.
Sylvester Durham went to Leitchfield Sunday.
Edward Dillon spent Sunday in Louisville.
Proctor Keith, of Cloverport, spent Sunday here.
Sam Dix, of Stephentown, was in the city Monday.
Thomas J. Moore spent Sunday at Glendene visiting friends.
Captain J. H. Rowland, of Cloverport, was in town Saturday.
The Hon. Chas. Blanford, of Bewleyville, was in the city Saturday.
John P. Haswell, Jr., went to Irvington Monday on legal business.
J. H. Trent, of Brandenburg, was in town Saturday on legal business.
Alonso Bennett, of Bewleyville, was in town Monday on a business trip.
Thomas Hook is able to be out again after a severe attack of malaria fever.
Judge N. McC. Mercer was the guest of Gen. A. J. Gross, at Holt, Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Hughes, of Williams, are visiting Mrs. Margaret May.
Dr. Cummings, of Falls of Rough, was the guest of Dr. Ed. Day Thursday.
Miss Jennie Green was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Morris H. Beard last week.
James H. Gardner and son, James Howard, were in Louisville a few days of last week.
Dr. Evan Royalty, of Louisville, is here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Royalty.
Miss Lela McGary has returned home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Payne, at Cloverport.
Mr. and Mrs. Percy M. Beard were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Richardson, at Union Star, Sunday.
Misses Margaret and Evelyn Beard returned home last week from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Edelen at Burgin.
Miss Fannie Smith will leave today for Elizabethtown, where she will teach in the graded school.
Winley Kinschloe, Arthur Scott, Morris Kinschloe and Arthur Beard were in Cloverport Sunday.
E. R. Bassett, of Leitchfield, president of the Grayson County National Bank, was in town Saturday on a business trip.
A lawn fete was given at the home of Mrs. Lucretia Hendon, on Main street, on Tuesday evening, by the members of the Baptist Sunday school.
A Remedy Without a Peer.
"I find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets more beneficial than any other remedy I ever used for stomach trouble," says J. P. Klotz, of Elina, Mo. For any disorder of the stomach, biliousness or constipation, these Tablets are without a peer. For sale by Scott & Hayes.

BEWLEYVILLE.

E. P. Haraway is at Elizabethtown attending the fair.
School was dismissed Friday owing to the illness of the teacher.
Miss Nannie Sanders, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. Lela Smith.
Fletcher Blanford, who came home last week, left Tuesday for Missouri.
Edwin Foote, of Louisville, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents.
Miss Bessie Foote is in Cloverport the guest of her aunt, Mrs. V. G. Babbage.
Wallace and Stewart Babbage, of Cloverport, are visiting their cousins near town.
Miss Bettie Lee Jolly is spending this week the guest of Miss Nell Ditto in Parkland.
Mrs. Chas. Cain, nee Miss Mal Sanders, died at her home in Western Kansas a few weeks ago.

There will be a meeting at Cave Spring church next Saturday at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. All members are requested to attend and consult on business of importance.
Miss Allen Newby spent Wednesday with her cousin, Mrs. Geo. Newman, at Pigeon. She reports that her brother, Nat Rice, who is with Mr. and Mrs. Newman drinking mineral water, is improving in health.
Like Finding Money.
Finding health is like finding money—so think those who are sick. When you have a cough, cold, sore throat, or chest irritation, better act promptly like W. C. Barber, of Sandy Level, Va. He says: "I had a terrible chest trouble, caused by smoke and coal dust on my lungs; but, after finding no relief in other remedies, I was cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds." Greatest sale of any cough or lung medicine in the world. At Short & Haynes' drug store; 50c and \$1.00; guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

Expected to Recover.
The condition of "Joe" Sawyer, of this city, has continued to improve since he was operated on for appendicitis on August 28, at Norton Infirmary, Louisville, and he is expected to recover.
Cause of Insomnia.
Indigestion nearly always disturbs the sleep more or less and is often the cause of insomnia. Many cases have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Short & Hayes.

TARFORD.
Mrs. Chas. Weatherford, of Victoria, visited Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Keman last Sunday.
Allen Kinschloe, of Hardinsburg, stopped with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Tait one night last week.
B. H. Bates, of McQuady, was here last Wednesday enroute to his nephew's, Tom Bates, Jr., near Pigeon.
Misses Joie and Maud Ryan dimpled their cheeks two weeks ago and are yet at the bedside of their niece, Eva Burdette.
Rev. C. L. Goff filled the place of Rev. Richards, at Pigeon, last Sunday.
Little Eva Burdette, who has been very ill with typhoid, at the grand-parents', Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Ryan,

with whom she lives, is slightly improved.
Mr. and Mrs. Millard Compton and children and Mrs. T. W. Harmon spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Brown, at Weber.
Dukes.
Born, to the wife of Chas. Cahal, Aug. 30, a son.
Several from here attended the Masons' barbecue at Cloverport Friday.
Miss Carrie Beavin called on Miss Ella Evans, of Pateville, Thursday.
Miss Vestress Newbury was the guest of Miss Pearl Basham Tuesday night.
Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Basham visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Basham, Sunday.
The school here opened Monday with Misses Anna Lamb and Mollie Fawcett as teachers.
Marion Campbell and family, of Lewisport, are visiting the family of R. J. Tindie this week.
Mrs. Maggie Campbell and children, who were visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Sapp, of Owensboro, last week, returned home Sunday.
Are You Engaged.
Engaged people should remember, that, after marriage, many quarrels can be avoided, by keeping their digestion in good condition with Electric Bitters. S. A. Brown of Bennington, S. C., says: "For years, my wife suffered intensely from dyspepsia, complicated with a torpid liver, until she lost her strength and vigor, and became a mere wreck of her former self. Then she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and finally made her entirely well. She is now strong and healthy." Short & Haynes, druggists, sell and guarantee them, at 50c a bottle.

IRVINGTON.
(From another correspondent.)
Dr. Haraway, one week, Monday, September 11.
Miss Edith Marshall is with Mrs. C. S. Board for the winter.
Mrs. Bolden and mother, Mrs. Perry, have returned from Evansville.

THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN
HERALD PRAISES OF PE-RU-NA.

Catarrh and Catarrhal Diseases Make Invalids of More Women Than All Other Ailments Combined.

MISS CLARA CASE
MISS MARY BENNETT
MISS GERTRUDE LINFORD
MISS ADDIE NALLEY

LITTLE ONE ONE. SOLD SORE

Covered With Scales and Scabs
From Head to Foot—Doctors and All Other Remedies Fail—Skin Now Smooth and Clear.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE BY CUTICURA

Writing under date of Sept. 7, 1904, Mrs. Mattie Shaffer, of Cumberland, Miss., says: "Some time ago I ordered and received your wonderful Cuticura Remedies, which I used on my little afflicted baby with wonderful results. I had tried many other remedies without any benefit whatever, and Cuticura came to the rescue when my doctors and all other remedies failed. One doctor pronounced it scrofula, the other eczema. The little one was one solid sore, with scales and scabs from head to foot. When I started using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the result was wonderful, and now my baby's face and body are smooth and clear." (Signed) Mrs. Mattie Shaffer.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS At the First Sign of Disfiguring Humors Is to Use Cuticura.

Every child born into the world with an inherited tendency to torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering, but because of the dreadful fear that the disfigurement is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence it most effective treatment available, viz.: the Cuticura Treatment, consisting of warm baths with Cuticura Soap, and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure. Cures made in childhood are speedy, permanent, and economical.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, are sold throughout the world. Fully note the "How to Cure" and "How to Buy" directions on the wrapper.

Mrs. Fannie Campbell, of Russellville, came Thursday to be with her father, who is very ill.
Several persons from our town and vicinity attended the big picnic at Cloverport Friday.
Mrs. Bell Kutz, of Webster, was here Sunday to talk of the protracted meeting there to begin this week.
Murray Blanford left Monday to attend school at Bowling Green. This year he takes the classic course.
Our church newly painted is a thing of beauty. W. W. Keith did the job fine. He is soon to get it, too. Golden Rod.

RAYMOND.

Cleat Norton has been sick for the past week, but is reported better.
Quite a large crowd from nearby and at a distance attended the bathing near here Sunday.
Chas. Kennedy and family visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mattingly, Saturday and Sunday.
M. D. Cashman came up from Evansville last week to be at home for a few days and attend the meeting.

After several weeks' visit to her parents, at Brazil, Ind., Mrs. E. A. Cashman returned home last week.
W. L. Robertson and family of Mystic, and J. H. Avitt and wife, of Ludburg, visited A. W. Cashman and wife Sunday.
Mrs. Thos. Beard and baby, of Kirk, and Miss Hannah Beard, of Hardinsburg, visited at Mrs. Alex. H. Kendry's last week.
Mrs. Proctor Knott went to Norton Valley last Friday to see her mother, Mrs. Nelse Haynes, who has been sick, but is better now.

When indigestion becomes chronic it is dangerous. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all troubles resulting therefrom, thus preventing Catarrh of the stomach. Sold by All Druggists.

MATTINGLY.

Born August 31, to the wife of Oscar Hilston, a son.
Everett Frank, of Evansville, came up Friday to visit friends and relatives.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lynch and Miss Maggie Lynch went to Pateville last Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Ben McQuady, of Evansville, are here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Mattingly.
C. B. Bates, who was seriously ill at Pittsburgh recently, was here last Sunday visiting friends and relatives, who were glad to welcome him home again.

O. W. Sanders, of Evansville, came up last Sunday to visit his wife and children, who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Bricker, for the past two weeks.
Mrs. William Frank and son, Lester, of Owensboro, were called here by telegram on Wednesday on account of

the serious illness of her little son, Fred, who has been here for some time, visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Sarah Frank.

IRVINGTON.

Born, to the wife of Stanley Ross, Sept. 1, twins.
J. L. Henry was in Louisville last week on business.

Douglas Brashear, of Owensboro, is the guest of Chas. uncle, J. W. Wimp.
Hillard Biggs is clerking at the new drug store of Dempster & Lyons.

Miss Edith Marshall, of Louisville, began her private school here Monday.
Mrs. Elsie Robins has gone to Cloverport to see her mother for a few days.

George Herndon came home from Louisville Friday to attend school here.

H. H. Kemper went to see his parents at Gratz for a few days last week.

Miss Carrie Moore, of Hudsonville, will assist Mrs. P. McCoy in her dress making.

Mrs. John Nevitt took her daughter, Mary, to Louisville Sunday, to enter school there.

Miss Viola Lewis, of Louisville, is the charming visitor of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Herndon.

Miss Katie McGehee left Monday for Hopkinsville, to enter Bethel Female College.

Fred Smith left for Chicago last week, after a few days' visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Payne.

Miss Lucile Cunningham, of Chesapeake, came last week to begin her music class Monday.

Mrs. George Smith and baby, of Louisville, are the guests of Miss May Claycomb for a week.

Miss Willa Drury left last week for Long Branch to be the guest of Miss Graham McGehee for some time.

Miss Lela Tydings has returned to her home in Louisville after a visit to Misses Emma and Ellen Munford.

Miss Will Gardner and children came home Wednesday from a three weeks' visit to her mother at Chenant.

Mrs. Fidelia Galloway came Sunday from Glasgow, where she has been with her daughter for several weeks.

Miss Eliza Piggott came home Monday from a two weeks' visit to her aunt, Mrs. R. N. Miller, at Indianapolis.

Mrs. Bettie Sprigante and children have gone to their home at Mitchell, Ind., after a lengthy visit to relatives here.

Maack Avitt, of Guilford, Miss., arrived Sunday to be with his wife and children at Ferial McGehee's for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Marshall and daughter, Ruth, are at home from a week's visit to Dr. J. H. Owensley and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Culey and children left Saturday night for a three weeks' visit to relatives at Loudon, Ill.

Miss B. Ada Drury left for Louisville Sunday, after spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. R. B. McGehee.

Chas. Smith and daughter, Nellie, came Saturday morning to be the guests of his mother, Mrs. McGill, for a few days.

Will Parks, of Louisville, and Logan Helm, of Lexington, returned to their homes last Thursday, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Bates Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Beron are at home after a few days' trip to Corydon, Ind. They attended the fair and purchased a very fine jersey cow while there.

The condition of "Joe" Sawyer, of this city, has continued to improve since he was operated on for appendicitis on August 28, at Norton Infirmary, Louisville, and he is expected to recover.
Cause of Insomnia.
Indigestion nearly always disturbs the sleep more or less and is often the cause of insomnia. Many cases have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Short & Hayes.

TARFORD.
Mrs. Chas. Weatherford, of Victoria, visited Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Keman last Sunday.
Allen Kinschloe, of Hardinsburg, stopped with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Tait one night last week.
B. H. Bates, of McQuady, was here last Wednesday enroute to his nephew's, Tom Bates, Jr., near Pigeon.
Misses Joie and Maud Ryan dimpled their cheeks two weeks ago and are yet at the bedside of their niece, Eva Burdette.
Rev. C. L. Goff filled the place of Rev. Richards, at Pigeon, last Sunday.
Little Eva Burdette, who has been very ill with typhoid, at the grand-parents', Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Ryan,

with whom she lives, is slightly improved.
Mr. and Mrs. Millard Compton and children and Mrs. T. W. Harmon spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Brown, at Weber.
Dukes.
Born, to the wife of Chas. Cahal, Aug. 30, a son.
Several from here attended the Masons' barbecue at Cloverport Friday.
Miss Carrie Beavin called on Miss Ella Evans, of Pateville, Thursday.
Miss Vestress Newbury was the guest of Miss Pearl Basham Tuesday night.
Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Basham visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Basham, Sunday.
The school here opened Monday with Misses Anna Lamb and Mollie Fawcett as teachers.
Marion Campbell and family, of Lewisport, are visiting the family of R. J. Tindie this week.
Mrs. Maggie Campbell and children, who were visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Sapp, of Owensboro, last week, returned home Sunday.
Are You Engaged.
Engaged people should remember, that, after marriage, many quarrels can be avoided, by keeping their digestion in good condition with Electric Bitters. S. A. Brown of Bennington, S. C., says: "For years, my wife suffered intensely from dyspepsia, complicated with a torpid liver, until she lost her strength and vigor, and became a mere wreck of her former self. Then she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and finally made her entirely well. She is now strong and healthy." Short & Haynes, druggists, sell and guarantee them, at 50c a bottle.

IRVINGTON.
(From another correspondent.)
Dr. Haraway, one week, Monday, September 11.
Miss Edith Marshall is with Mrs. C. S. Board for the winter.
Mrs. Bolden and mother, Mrs. Perry, have returned from Evansville.

THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN
HERALD PRAISES OF PE-RU-NA.

Catarrh and Catarrhal Diseases Make Invalids of More Women Than All Other Ailments Combined.

MISS CLARA CASE
MISS MARY BENNETT
MISS GERTRUDE LINFORD
MISS ADDIE NALLEY

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MISS ADDIE NALLEY

Suffered Long With Catarrh.
Miss Clara Case, 715 9th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:
"I can think of no event in my life that fills me with more gratitude and at the same time a sense of future security, as a cure after long suffering from catarrh, brought about by using Peruna as directed. It has completely cured me."—Clara Case.

Entire System Toned by Pe-Ru-na.
Miss Mary Bennett, 1619 Addison Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:
"A few months ago I contracted a cold by getting my feet wet, and although I used the usual remedies I could not shake it off."
"I finally took Peruna. In a week I was better. After several weeks I succeeded in ridding myself of any trace of a cold, and besides the medicine had toned up my system so that I felt splendid."—Mary Bennett.

Physicians Had Given Up the Case—Now Entirely Well.
Miss Gertrude Linford, Vice President Parkside Whist Club and teacher of Whist, 221 Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:
"Peruna has effectively cured me after physicians had practically given up my case."
"For a long time I suffered with catarrh of the kidneys, had a weakness and pain in the back, lost flesh rapidly, my feet were swollen, my face was puffed under the eyes and I had a waxy sallowness of the skin."
"I took Peruna for some time and am entirely well. I cannot endorse Peruna too strongly."—Gertrude Linford.

If you suffer from catarrh in any form, do not delay. Take Peruna at once. Delays are dangerous.

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